
**PLAN DOCUMENT AND
SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION
FOR
WASHINGTON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
EMPLOYEE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN**

Benefits effective January 1, 2020

- **High Deductible Health Plan**
- **Preferred Provider Health Plan**

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INTRODUCTION

This document is a description of Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan (the Plan). No oral interpretations can change this Plan. The Plan described is designed to protect Plan Participants against certain catastrophic health expenses.

Coverage under the Plan will take effect for an eligible Employee and designated Dependents when the Employee and such Dependents satisfy all the eligibility requirements of the Plan.

The Employer fully intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely. However, it reserves the right to terminate, suspend, discontinue or amend the Plan at any time and for any reason.

Changes in the Plan may occur in any or all parts of the Plan including benefit coverage, deductibles, maximums, copayments, exclusions, limitations, definitions, eligibility and the like.

To the extent that an item or service is a covered benefit under the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall be applied in a manner that does not discriminate against a health care Provider who is acting within the scope of the Provider's license or other required credentials under applicable State law. This provision does not preclude the Plan from setting limits on benefits, including cost sharing provisions, frequency limits, or restrictions on the methods or settings in which treatments are provided and does not require the Plan to accept all types of Providers as an In-Network Provider.

Failure to follow the eligibility or enrollment requirements of this Plan may result in delay of coverage or no coverage at all. Reimbursement from the Plan can be reduced or denied because of certain provisions in the Plan, such as coordination of benefits, subrogation, exclusions, timeliness of COBRA elections, utilization review or other cost management requirements, lack of Medical Necessity, lack of timely filing of claims or lack of coverage. These provisions are explained in summary fashion in this document; additional information is available from the Plan Administrator at no extra cost.

The Plan will pay benefits only for the expenses incurred while this coverage is in force. No benefits are payable for expenses incurred before coverage began or after coverage terminated. An expense for a service or supply is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished.

No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover under any section of this Plan until the appeal rights provided have been exercised and the Plan benefits requested in such appeals have been denied in whole or in part.

If the Plan is terminated, amended, or benefits are eliminated, the rights of Covered Persons are limited to Covered Charges incurred before termination, amendment or elimination.

This document summarizes the Plan rights and benefits for covered Employees and their Dependents and is divided into the following parts:

Eligibility, Funding, Effective Date and Termination. Explains eligibility for coverage under the Plan, funding of the Plan and when the coverage takes effect and terminates.

Schedule of Benefits. Provides an outline of the Plan reimbursement formulas as well as payment limits on certain services.

Benefit Descriptions. Explains when the benefit applies and the types of charges covered.

Cost Management Services. Explains the methods used to curb unnecessary and excessive charges.

This part should be read carefully since each Participant is required to take action to assure that the maximum payment levels under the Plan are paid.

Defined Terms. Defines those Plan terms that have a specific meaning.

Plan Exclusions. Shows what charges are **not** covered.

Claim Provisions. Explains the rules for filing claims and the claim appeal process.

Coordination of Benefits. Shows the Plan payment order when a person is covered under more than one plan.

Third Party Recovery Provision. Explains the Plan's rights to recover payment of charges when a Covered Person has a claim against another person because of injuries sustained.

Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA. Explains when a person's coverage under the Plan ceases and the continuation options which are available.

ERISA Information. Explains the Plan's structure and the Participants' rights under the Plan.

**ELIGIBILITY, FUNDING, EFFECTIVE DATE
AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS**

A Plan Participant should contact the Plan Administrator to obtain additional information, free of charge, about Plan coverage of a specific benefit, particular drug, treatment, test or any other aspect of Plan benefits or requirements.

ELIGIBILITY

Eligible Classes of Employees. All Active Employees of the Employer. This does not include temporary or seasonal employees.

Eligibility Requirements for Employee Coverage. A person is eligible for Employee coverage from the first day that he or she:

- (1) is a Full-Time, Active Employee of the Employer. An Employee is considered to be Full-Time if he or she normally works an average of at least 30 hours per week and is on the regular payroll of the Employer for that work.

An Employee's status as a Full-Time Employee will be determined on the basis of the average number of hours worked during an initial or standard look back measurement period, as applicable, as established by the Plan in accordance with applicable law. The Employee's eligibility (or lack of eligibility) for Plan coverage on the basis of his or her Full-Time or Part-Time status will extend through the stability period established by the Plan in accordance with applicable law. In calculating the average hours worked, the Plan will count hours paid and hours for which the Employee is entitled to payment (such as paid holidays, vacation, pay, etc.).

- (2) is a Part-Time, Active Employee of the Employer. An Employee is considered to be Part-Time if he or she normally works at least 20 hours per week and is on regular payroll of the Employer for that work.
- (3) is in an eligible class for coverage.

Eligible Classes of Dependents. A Dependent is any one of the following persons:

- (1) A covered Employee's Spouse.

The term "Spouse" shall mean the person recognized as the covered Employee's husband or wife under the laws of the state where the covered Employee lives. The Plan Administrator may require documentation proving a legal marital relationship.

Domestic partners are not eligible for coverage as Dependents.

- (2) A covered Employee's child less than 26 years
- (3) A covered Employee's child who reaches age 26 and is Totally Disabled, unmarried, incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical disability, provided:
 - (a) such child is or was under the limiting age of dependency at the time of application for coverage in the Plan, or;
 - (b) if not under such limiting age, has had continuous health plan coverage, i.e. no break in coverage greater than 63 days, at the time of application for coverage in the Plan.

The Plan Administrator may require, at reasonable intervals during the two years following the Dependent's reaching the limiting age, subsequent proof of the child's Total Disability and dependency.

After such two-year period, the Plan Administrator may require subsequent proof not more than once each year. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to have such Dependent examined by a Physician of the Plan Administrator's choice, at the Plan's expense, to determine the existence of such incapacity.

Except for Dependents considered Totally Disabled, when a child reaches age 26, coverage will end on the last day of the child's birthday month.

The terms "child" or "children" shall include natural children, step-children, adopted children, or children placed with a covered Employee in anticipation of adoption.

If a covered Employee is the Legal Guardian of a child or children, these children may be enrolled in this Plan as covered Dependents.

The phrase "child placed with a covered Employee in anticipation of adoption" refers to a child whom the Employee intends to adopt, whether or not the adoption has become final, who has not attained the age of 18 as of the date of such placement for adoption. The term "placed" means the assumption and retention by such Employee of a legal obligation for total or partial support of the child in anticipation of adoption of the child. The child must be available for adoption and the legal process must have commenced.

Any child of a Plan Participant who is an alternate recipient under a qualified medical child support order shall be considered as having a right to Dependent coverage under this Plan.

A participant of this Plan may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing qualified medical child support order (QMCSO) determinations from the Plan Administrator.

The Plan Administrator may require documentation proving dependency, including birth certificates, tax records or initiation of legal proceedings severing parental rights.

These persons are excluded as Dependents: other individuals living in the covered Employee's home, but who are not eligible as defined; the legally separated or divorced former Spouse of the Employee; any person who is on active duty in any military service of any country; Foster Children; or any person who is covered under the Plan as an Employee.

If a person covered under this Plan changes status from Employee to Dependent or Dependent to Employee, and the person is covered continuously under this Plan before, during and after the change in status, credit will be given for deductibles and all amounts applied to maximums.

If both mother and father are Employees, their children will be covered as Dependents of the mother or father, but not of both.

Eligibility Requirements for Dependent Coverage. A family member of an Employee will become eligible for Dependent coverage on the first day that the Employee is eligible for Employee coverage and the family member satisfies the requirements for Dependent coverage.

At any time, the Plan may require proof that a Spouse or a child qualifies or continues to qualify as a Dependent as defined by this Plan.

FUNDING

Cost of the Plan. Washington Regional Medical Center shares the cost of Employee and Dependent coverage under this Plan with the covered Employees. The enrollment application for coverage will include a payroll deduction authorization.

The level of any Employee contributions is set by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to change the level of Employee contributions.

The Claims Administrator provides administrative claims payment services only and does not assume any financial risk or obligation with respect to claims.

ENROLLMENT

Enrollment Requirements. An Employee must enroll for coverage by filling out and signing an enrollment application along with the appropriate payroll deduction authorization. The covered Employee is required to enroll for Dependent coverage also.

Enrollment Requirements for Newborn Children. If the child is not enrolled within 90 days of birth, the enrollment will be considered a Late Enrollment.

TIMELY OR LATE ENROLLMENT

- (1) **Timely Enrollment** - The enrollment will be "timely" if the completed form is received by the Plan Administrator no later than 31 days after the person becomes eligible for the coverage, either initially or under a Special Enrollment Period. In the case of birth or adoption, the enrollment will be considered timely if the completed form is received within 90 days of the date of birth, or within 60 days of the date of adoption.

If two Employees (husband and wife) are covered under the Plan and the Employee who is covering the Dependent children terminates coverage, the Dependent coverage may be continued by the other covered Employee as long as coverage has been continuous.

- (2) **Late Enrollment** - An enrollment is "late" if it is not made on a "timely basis" or during a Special Enrollment Period. Late Enrollees and their Dependents who are not eligible to join the Plan during a Special Enrollment Period may join only during open enrollment.

If an individual loses eligibility for coverage as a result of terminating employment or a general suspension of coverage under the Plan, then upon becoming eligible again due to resumption of employment or due to resumption of Plan coverage, only the most recent period of eligibility will be considered for purposes of determining whether the individual is a Late Enrollee.

The time between the date a Late Enrollee first becomes eligible for enrollment under the Plan and the first day of coverage is not treated as a Waiting Period. Coverage begins on January 1.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT RIGHTS

Federal law provides Special Enrollment provisions under some circumstances. If an Employee is declining enrollment for himself or his dependents (including their spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan if there is a loss of eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing towards the other coverage). However, a request for enrollment must be made within 31 days after the coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing towards the other coverage).

In addition, in the case of a birth, marriage, adoption or placement for adoption, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan. However, a request for enrollment must be made within 90 days after the birth, 31 days after marriage, and 60 days after adoption or placement for adoption.

The Special Enrollment rules are described in more detail below. To request Special Enrollment or obtain more detailed information of these portability provisions, contact the Plan Administrator, Washington Regional Medical Center, 3215 N. North Hills Blvd., Fayetteville, Arkansas, 72703.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIODS

The Enrollment Date for anyone who enrolls under a Special Enrollment Period is the first date of coverage. Thus, the time between the date a special enrollee first becomes eligible for enrollment under the Plan and the first day of coverage is not treated as a Waiting Period.

- (1) **Individuals losing other coverage creating a Special Enrollment right.** An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll if loss of eligibility for coverage meets all of the following conditions:
 - (a) The Employee or Dependent was covered under a group health plan or had health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was previously offered to the individual.
 - (b) If required by the Plan Administrator, the Employee stated in writing at the time that coverage was offered that the other health coverage was the reason for declining enrollment.
 - (c) The coverage of the Employee or Dependent who had lost the coverage was under COBRA and the COBRA coverage was exhausted, or was not under COBRA and either the coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for the coverage or because employer contributions towards the coverage were terminated. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the month following the date the completed enrollment form is received.
 - (d) The Employee or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan not later than 31 days after the date of exhaustion of COBRA coverage or the termination of non-COBRA coverage due to loss of eligibility or termination of employer contributions, described above. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the month following the date the completed enrollment form is received.
- (2) For purposes of these rules, a loss of eligibility occurs if one of the following occurs:
 - (a) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility on the earliest date a claim is denied that would meet or exceed a Lifetime limit on all benefits.
 - (b) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility due to the plan no longer offering any benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals (i.e.: part-time employees).
 - (c) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility as a result of legal separation, divorce, cessation of dependent status (such as attaining the maximum age to be eligible as a dependent child under the plan), death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours of employment or contributions towards the coverage were terminated.

- (d) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the individual market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual).
- (e) The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the group market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual), and no other benefit package is available to the individual.

If the Employee or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the plan), that individual does not have a Special Enrollment right.

(3) Dependent beneficiaries. If:

- (a) The Employee is a participant under this Plan (or is eligible to be enrolled under this Plan but for a failure to enroll during a previous enrollment period), and
- (b) A person becomes a Dependent of the Employee through marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption,

then the Dependent (and if not otherwise enrolled, the Employee) may be enrolled under this Plan. In the case of the birth or adoption of a child, the Spouse of the covered Employee may be enrolled as a Dependent of the covered Employee if the Spouse is otherwise eligible for coverage. If the Employee is not enrolled at the time of the event, the Employee must enroll under this Special Enrollment Period in order for his eligible Dependents to enroll.

The Dependent Special Enrollment Period begins on the date of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment, the Dependent and/or Employee must request enrollment within the following time frames:

- (a) in the case of marriage, within 31 days of the marriage. Coverage will be effective on the first day of the pay period following the date the completed request for enrollment is received;
- (b) in the case of a Dependent's birth, within 90 days of birth. Coverage will be effective as of the date of birth; or
- (c) in the case of a Dependent's adoption or placement for adoption, within 60 days of the date of the adoption or placement for adoption. Coverage will be effective on the date the child is legally placed for adoption.

(4) Medicaid and State Child Health Insurance Programs. An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll if:

- (a) The Employee or Dependent is covered under a Medicaid plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act or a State child health plan (CHIP) under Title XXI of such Act, and coverage of the Employee or Dependent is terminated due to loss of eligibility for such coverage, and the Employee or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan within 60 days after such Medicaid or CHIP coverage is terminated.

- (b) The Employee or Dependent becomes eligible for assistance with payment of Employee contributions to this Plan through a Medicaid or CHIP plan (including any waiver or demonstration project conducted with respect to such plan), and the Employee or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan within 60 days after the date the Employee or Dependent is determined to be eligible for such assistance.

If a Dependent becomes eligible to enroll under this provision and the Employee is not then enrolled, the Employee must enroll in order for the Dependent to enroll.

Coverage will become effective as of the first day of the pay period following the date the completed enrollment form is received unless an earlier date is established by the Employer or by regulation.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Effective Date of Employee Coverage. Provided the Employee satisfies all of the following requirements, an Employee will be covered under this Plan as of their hire date.

- (1) The Eligibility Requirement.
- (2) The Active Employee Requirement.
- (3) The Enrollment Requirements of the Plan.

Corporate transaction

If pursuant to a corporate transaction involving the Employer and another entity, a majority of the employees of the other entity become Eligible Employees, coverage shall begin on the Eligible employee's hire date with Employer, provided that such Employee has enrolled for coverage.

Active Employee Requirement. An Employee must be an Active Employee (as defined by this Plan) for this coverage to take effect.

Effective Date of Dependent Coverage. A Dependent's coverage will take effect on the day that the Eligibility Requirements are met; the Employee is covered under the Plan; and all Enrollment Requirements are met.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

The Employer or Plan has the right to rescind any coverage of the Employee and/or Dependents for cause, making a fraudulent claim or an intentional material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan. The Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the Employee and/or covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action. The employer will refund all contributions paid for any coverage rescinded; however, claims paid will be offset from this amount. The employer reserves the right to collect additional monies if claims are paid in excess of the Employee's and/or Dependent's paid contributions.

When Employee Coverage Terminates. Employee coverage will terminate on the earliest of these dates (except in certain circumstances, a covered Employee may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage. For

a complete explanation of when COBRA continuation coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA):

- (1) The date the Plan is terminated.
- (2) The last day of the pay period during which the covered Employee ceases to be in one of the Eligible Classes. This includes death or termination of Active Employment of the covered Employee. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.) It also includes an Employee on disability, leave of absence or other leave of absence, unless the Plan specifically provides for continuation during these periods.
- (3) The end of the period for which the required contribution has been paid if the charge for the next period is not paid when due.
- (4) If an Employee commits fraud or makes a material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, then the Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the employee and covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action.

Continuation During Periods of Employer-Certified Disability or Leave of Absence. An employee remains eligible for the duration of an approved leave of absence.

While continued, coverage will be that which was in force on the last day worked as an Active Employee. However, if benefits reduce for others in the class, they will also reduce for the continued person.

Continuation During Family and Medical Leave. Regardless of the established leave policies mentioned above, this Plan shall at all times comply with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 as promulgated in regulations issued by the Department of Labor.

During any leave taken under the Family and Medical Leave Act, the Employer will maintain coverage under this Plan on the same conditions as coverage would have been provided if the covered Employee had been continuously employed during the entire leave period.

If Plan coverage terminates during the FMLA leave, coverage will be reinstated for the Employee and his or her covered Dependents if the Employee returns to work in accordance with the terms of the FMLA leave. Coverage will be reinstated only if the person(s) had coverage under this Plan when the FMLA leave started, and will be reinstated to the same extent that it was in force when that coverage terminated.

Rehiring a Terminated Employee. A terminated Employee who is rehired will be treated as a new hire and be required to satisfy all Eligibility and Enrollment requirements to the extent permitted by the terms of the Plan and applicable law.

Employees on Military Leave. Employees going into or returning from military service may elect to continue Plan coverage as mandated by the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) under the following circumstances. These rights apply only to Employees and their Dependents covered under the Plan immediately before leaving for military service.

- (1) The maximum period of coverage of a person and the person's Dependents under such an election shall be the lesser of:
 - (a) The 24 month period beginning on the date on which the person's absence begins; or

- (b) The day after the date on which the person was required to apply for or return to a position of employment and fails to do so.
- (2) A person who elects to continue health plan coverage must pay up to 102% of the full contribution under the Plan, except a person on active duty for 30 days or less cannot be required to pay more than the Employee's share, if any, for the coverage.
- (3) An exclusion or Waiting Period may not be imposed in connection with the reinstatement of coverage upon reemployment if one would not have been imposed had coverage not been terminated because of service. However, an exclusion or Waiting Period may be imposed for coverage of any Illness or Injury determined by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to have been incurred in, or aggravated during, the performance of uniformed service.

If the Employee wishes to elect this coverage or obtain more detailed information, contact the Plan Administrator Washington Regional Medical Center, 3215 N. North Hills Blvd., Fayetteville, Arkansas, 72703. The Employee may also have continuation rights under USERRA. In general, the Employee must meet the same requirements for electing USERRA coverage as are required under COBRA continuation coverage requirements. Coverage elected under these circumstances is concurrent not cumulative. The Employee may elect USERRA continuation coverage for the Employee and their Dependents. Only the Employee has election rights. Dependents do not have any independent right to elect USERRA health plan continuation.

When Dependent Coverage Terminates. A Dependent's coverage will terminate on the earliest of these dates (except in certain circumstances, a covered Dependent may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA continuation coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA):

- (1) The date the Plan or Dependent coverage under the Plan is terminated.
- (2) The date that the Employee's coverage under the Plan terminates for any reason other than death. In the event of an Active Employee's death, the covered Dependent(s) will be permitted to remain on the Plan for 30 days following the Employee's death. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
- (3) The date a covered Spouse loses coverage due to loss of dependency status. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
- (4) On the last day of the calendar month that a person ceases to be a Dependent as defined by the Plan. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
- (5) The end of the period for which the required contribution has been paid if the charge for the next period is not paid when due.
- (6) If a Dependent commits fraud or makes a material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, then the Employer or Plan may either void coverage for the Dependent for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. If coverage is to be terminated or voided retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the Plan will provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of such action.

OPEN ENROLLMENT

In the fourth quarter of the Calendar Year, there will be an annual open enrollment period, during which Employees and their Dependents who are Late Enrollees will be able to enroll in the Plan.

Benefit choices for Late Enrollees made during the open enrollment period will become effective January 1.

Plan Participants will receive detailed information regarding open enrollment from their Employer.

**SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS
High Deductible Health Plan**

MEDICAL BENEFITS

All benefits described in this Schedule are subject to the Claims Administrator’s established Coverage Policy, Allowable Charge, and the benefit limits and exclusions described more fully herein including, but not limited to the determination that: care and treatment is Medically Necessary; that services, supplies, and care are not Experimental and/or Investigational. The meanings of these capitalized terms are in the Defined Terms section of this document.

High Deductible Health Plan

A qualified High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account provides comprehensive coverage for high cost medical events and a tax-advantaged way to help build savings for future medical expenses. The Plan gives a Covered Person greater control over how health care benefits are used. A HDHP satisfies certain statutory requirements with respect to minimum deductibles and out-of-pocket expenses for both single and family coverage. These minimum deductibles and limits for out-of-pocket expenses' limit are set forth by the U.S. Department of Treasury and will be indexed for inflation in the future.

This Plan has entered into an agreement with certain Hospitals, Physicians and other health care Providers, which are called In-Network Providers. Because these In-Network Providers have agreed to charge reduced fees to persons covered under the Plan, the Plan can afford to reimburse a higher percentage of their fees.

Therefore, when a Covered Person uses an In-Network Provider, that Covered Person will receive a higher payment from the Plan than when an Out-of-Network Provider is used. It is the Covered Person's choice as to which Provider to use.

A list of In-Network Providers is available upon request.

CALENDER YEAR DEDUCTIBLES

Deductibles Payable by Plan Participants

Individual Plan Deductible, per Calendar Year

In-Network, per Covered Person	\$1,400
Out-of-Network, per Covered Person	\$2,700

Family Plan Deductible, per Calendar Year

In-Network, per Covered Person	\$2,800
Out-of-Network, per Covered Person	\$5,300

Deductible Accumulation.

In-Network and Out-of-Network deductible amounts are totally separate and do not contribute toward or offset each other. Covered Charges incurred at a WRMC-owned clinic or WRMC provider will contribute to the In-Network Out-of-Pocket Limit.

For single coverage, the Covered Person must meet the individual deductible before any money is paid by the Plan for any Covered Charge. For two-member or family coverage, the overall Family Unit deductible must be satisfied in its entirety before the Plan begins to pay.

The Calendar Year deductible is waived for the following Covered Charges:

- In-Network Routine Preventive Care

OUT-OF-POCKET LIMITS

The Plan will pay 90% of WRMC-provided Covered Charges and 70% of In-Network Covered Charges until the following amounts of out-of-pocket payments are reached, at which time the Plan will pay 100% of the remainder of In-Network Covered Charges for the rest of the Calendar Year unless stated otherwise.

The Plan will pay 30% of Out-of-Network Covered Charges.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Limits

Individual Plan Out-of-Pocket Limit

In-Network	\$5,000
Out-of-Network.....	unlimited

Family Plan Out-of-Pocket Limits

In-Network, per Covered Person	\$5,000
In-Network, per Family Unit	\$10,000
Out-of-Network, per Covered Person	unlimited
Out-of-Network, per Family Unit.....	unlimited

Out-of-Pocket Accumulation.

The In-Network and Out-of-Network Out-of-pocket amounts are totally separate and do not contribute toward or offset each other.

For single coverage, the Covered Person must meet the individual Out-of-Pocket Limit, at which point the Plan will pay Covered Charges at 100% for that Covered Person for the remainder of the Calendar Year. For two-member or family coverage, each family member must meet their own individual Out-of-Pocket Limit until the overall family Out-of-Pocket Limit has been met, at which point the Plan will pay Covered Charges at 100% for that Family Unit for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

Covered Charges incurred under the Pharmacy Benefits Plan will accrue toward the In-Network Out-of-Pocket Limit.

The charges for the following do not apply to the 100% benefit limit.

- Out-of-Network services
- Precertification penalties
- Amounts in excess of the Allowable Charge

HOSPITAL BENEFITS

Precertification is required for all inpatient Hospital admissions.

The Covered Person is responsible for obtaining precertification of any Out-of-Network inpatient admission. Failure to obtain precertification will result in a **\$200** reduction in benefits paid by the Plan. The Covered Person is responsible for reimbursing the Provider for the penalty amount. Penalty is in addition to any deductible amount and will be applied to charges billed by the facility.

Room and Board Allowances

Covered Charges for room and board during an inpatient admission shall be limited to the lesser of the billed charge or the Allowable Charge established by the Plan.

Reimbursement Rates

Washington Regional Medical Center	90%, after deductible
In-Network facility	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network facility	30%, after deductible

- Covered Charges for Medical Emergency services will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.

Hospital facility per-incident deductibles

Inpatient admission, per-incident deductible	\$200
Emergency room per-incident deductible, WRMC facility	\$150
Emergency room per-incident deductible, any other facility.....	\$250

- If the Covered Person is admitted to the Hospital directly from the emergency room, only the Inpatient admission per-incident deductible will apply.

PHYSICIAN BENEFITS

Primary Care Physicians

Includes In-Network general practitioners, family practitioners, doctors of internal medicine, pediatricians, geriatricians, advanced practice registered nurses, and physician assistants.

Covered Charges billed by physician assistants, registered nurse practitioners, certified nurse practitioners, and clinical nurse specialists that work under the direction of a Primary Care Physician will also be paid at the Primary Care Physician reimbursement rate.

WRMC-owned clinic PCP reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$20 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	\$20 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	90%, after deductible
Emergency room services.....	90%, after deductible

In-Network PCP reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$30 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	\$30 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	70%, after deductible
Emergency room services.....	70%, after deductible

WRMC-owned clinic Specialist reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$40 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	\$40 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	90%, after deductible
Emergency room services.....	90%, after deductible

In-Network Specialist reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$30 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition	\$65 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services	70%, after deductible
Emergency room services	70%, after deductible

Out-of-Network Physician reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	30%, after deductible
Standard Preventive Care	30%, after deductible
Any other medical condition	30%, after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services	30%, after deductible
Emergency room services	70%, after deductible

OTHER BENEFIT LIMITS AND MAXIMUMS

Ambulance services

Per trip, ground ambulance	\$1,000
Per trip, air ambulance	\$5,000
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible

Chiropractic services

Calendar Year limit	25 visits
Reimbursement rate for services provided by a WRMC network chiropractor	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	30%, after deductible

Diabetes Self-Management Training

Reimbursement rate 90%, after deductible

- Services must be received at Washington Regional Medical Center to be considered eligible for coverage.

Dialysis

In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	not covered

Dietitian services

Calendar Year limit

- This limit applies after any coverage available under Standard Preventive Care has been exhausted.
- Dietitian services are covered when rendered for treatment of a covered medical condition and also includes services rendered for obesity treatment and eating disorders.

Eyeglasses or contact lenses following cataract surgery

Lifetime limitinitial pair of glasses or contact lenses

Independent Laboratory and Radiology

Quest Lab reimbursement rate	90%, after deductible
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible

Inhalation Therapy

In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	30%, after deductible

Morbid Obesity Treatment

Calendar Year maximum \$4,000
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible

Occupational, Physical and Speech Therapies

Speech therapy, Calendar Year limit 30 visits
Physical and occupational therapy, combined Calendar Year limit 30 visits
Reimbursement rate for services provided at WRMC 90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Routine Delivery and Maternity Care

WRMC Provider reimbursement rate 100%, after deductible
In-Network Provider reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network Provider reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

- Covered charges for non-routine delivery and maternity care are subject to the standard reimbursement rate.

Skilled Nursing Care

Calendar Year limit 30 days
In-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Urgent Care Clinic services

Reimbursement rate for services provided at WRMC-owned clinic \$20 copay, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate \$30 copay, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Wigs following chemotherapy

Lifetime limit one wig, not to exceed \$500
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible

STANDARD PREVENTIVE CARE

At all times, this Plan will comply with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the Affordable Care Act). A complete listing of Affordable Care Act preventative care services can be accessed at www.healthcare.gov/law/about/provisions/services/lists.html.

Reimbursement rates

In-Network reimbursement rate 100%, deductible waived
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

ROUTINE PREVENTIVE CARE

In addition to the Standard Preventive Care mandated under the Affordable Care Act, this Plan also offers coverage for the following Routine Preventive Care services.

Colon Cancer Screening Benefits

Covered expenses shall include one colonoscopy and/or one Cologuard test every 10 years after the age of 50, one sigmoidoscopy or double contrast barium enema every five years after the initial colonoscopy, and one fecal occult blood test per calendar year.

Reimbursement rates

Next Health or North Hills Surgery Center facility services.....	100%, deductible waived
Next Health Physician services.....	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

Covered expenses that do not meet the criteria for coverage under the WRMC Colonoscopy/Cologuard Wellness Benefit (i.e. insured is under age 50, has had a colonoscopy and/or Cologuard test covered under the WRMC Colonoscopy Wellness Benefit within the past 10 years, or services are not performed at WRMC) will still qualify for plan coverage at the following rates.

Reimbursement rates

Next Health or North Hills Surgery Center Provider services	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

SPECIAL IN-NETWORK PROVISIONS

- Non-contracted suppliers and specialists will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- If services are not available from an In-Network Provider, Covered Charges will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- If services from an In-Network Provider are not accessible, Covered Charges will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- Covered Charges for emergency and accident services will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- Covered Charges for inpatient or Outpatient Services rendered by an Out-of-Network anesthesiologist, pathologist or radiologist in connection with an In-Network facility will be paid at the In-Network level of benefits.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

The Prescription Drug card program is administered by the pharmacy benefits manager.

Retail and Mail Order Pharmacy Copays, per 30-Day Supply

Generic drugs.....	\$10, after deductible
Preferred Brand Name drugs	\$30, after deductible
Non-preferred Brand Name drugs	\$60, after deductible

- Refills of maintenance drugs must be purchased from Express Scripts Mail Order or Smart90 Pharmacy.

Mail Order Pharmacy Copays, per 90-Day Supply

Generic drugs.....	\$20, after deductible
Preferred Brand Name drugs	\$60, after deductible
Non-preferred Brand Name drugs	\$120, after deductible

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS
Preferred Provider Organization Plan

MEDICAL BENEFITS

All benefits described in this Schedule are subject to the Claims Administrator’s established Coverage Policy, Allowable Charge, and the benefit limits and exclusions described more fully herein including, but not limited to the determination that: care and treatment is Medically Necessary; that services, supplies, and care are not Experimental and/or Investigational. The meanings of these capitalized terms are in the Defined Terms section of this document.

This Plan has entered into an agreement with certain Hospitals, Physicians and other health care Providers, which are called In-Network Providers. Because these In-Network Providers have agreed to charge reduced fees to persons covered under the Plan, the Plan can afford to reimburse a higher percentage of their fees.

Therefore, when a Covered Person uses an In-Network Provider, that Covered Person will receive a higher payment from the Plan than when an Out-of-Network Provider is used. It is the Covered Person's choice as to which Provider to use.

A list of In-Network Providers is available upon request.

CALENDER YEAR DEDUCTIBLES

Deductibles Payable by Plan Participants

In-Network Calendar Year Deductibles

Per Covered Person.....	\$2,000
Per Family Unit.....	\$4,000

Out-of-Network Calendar Year Deductibles

Per Covered Person.....	\$4,000
Per Family Unit.....	\$8,000

Deductible Accumulation.

In-Network and Out-of-Network deductible amounts are totally separate and do not contribute toward or offset each other.

For single coverage, the Covered Person must meet the individual deductible before any money is paid by the Plan for any Covered Charge. For two-member or family coverages, each family member must meet his or her own individual deductible until the total amount of deductible expenses paid by all family members meets the overall Family Unit deductible.

The Calendar Year deductible is waived for the following Covered Charges:

- In-Network Routine Preventive Care

OUT-OF-POCKET LIMITS

The Plan will pay 90% of WRMC-provided Covered Charges and 70% of In-Network Covered Charges until the following amounts of out-of-pocket payments are reached, at which time the Plan will pay 100% of the remainder of In-Network Covered Charges for the rest of the Calendar Year unless stated otherwise.

The Plan will pay 30% of Out-of-Network Covered Charges.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Limits

In-Network Out-of-Pocket Limits

Per Covered Person.....	\$6,000
Per Family Unit.....	\$12,000

Out-of-Network Out-of-Pocket Limits

Per Covered Person.....	unlimited
Per Family Unit.....	unlimited

Out-of-Pocket Accumulation.

The In-Network and Out-of-Network Out-of-pocket amounts are totally separate and do not contribute toward or offset each other. Covered Charges incurred at a WRMC-owned clinic or WRMC Provider will contribute to the In-Network Out-of-Pocket Limit.

For single coverage, the Covered Person must meet the individual Out-of-Pocket Limit, at which point the Plan will pay Covered Charges at 100% for that Covered Person for the remainder of the Calendar Year. For two-member or family coverage, each family member must meet their own individual Out-of-Pocket Limit until the overall family Out-of-Pocket Limit has been met, at which point the Plan will pay Covered Charges at 100% for that Family Unit for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

Covered Charges incurred under the Pharmacy Benefits Plan will accrue toward the In-Network Out-of-Pocket Limit.

The charges for the following do not apply to the 100% benefit limit.

- Out-of-Network services
- Precertification penalties
- Amounts in excess of the Allowable Charge

HOSPITAL BENEFITS

Precertification is required for all inpatient Hospital admissions.

The Covered Person is responsible for obtaining precertification of any Out-of-Network inpatient admission. Failure to obtain precertification will result in a **\$200** reduction in benefits paid by the Plan. The Covered Person is responsible for reimbursing the Provider for the penalty amount. Penalty is in addition to any deductible amount and will be applied to charges billed by the facility.

Room and Board Allowances

Covered Charges for room and board during an inpatient admission shall be limited to the lesser of the billed charge or the Allowable Charge established by the Plan.

Inpatient and Outpatient services

Inpatient admission, per-incident deductible	\$200
Washington Regional Medical Center reimbursement rate	90%, after deductible
In-Network facility reimbursement rate.....	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network facility reimbursement rate	30%, after deductible

Emergency Room services

Washington Regional Medical Center reimbursement rate	\$150 copay, then 100%, deductible waived
In-Network and Out-of-Network facility reimbursement rate	\$250 copay, then 100% deductible waived

- If the Covered Person is admitted to the Hospital directly from the emergency room, only the Inpatient admission per-incident deductible will apply.

PHYSICIAN BENEFITS

Primary Care Physicians

Includes In-Network general practitioners, family practitioners, doctors of internal medicine, pediatricians, geriatricians, advanced practice registered nurses, and physician assistants.

Covered Charges billed by physician assistants, registered nurse practitioners, certified nurse practitioners, and clinical nurse specialists that work under the direction of a Primary Care Physician will also be paid at the Primary Care Physician reimbursement rate.

WRMC-owned clinic PCP reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$20 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	\$20 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	90%, after deductible
Emergency room services	90%, after deductible

In-Network PCP reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	70% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	70% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	70%, after deductible
Emergency room services	70%, after deductible

WRMC-owned clinic Specialist reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	\$50 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	\$50 copay per office visit charge, then 100% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	90%, after deductible
Emergency room services	90%, after deductible

In-Network Specialist reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	70% after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	100%, deductible waived
Any other medical condition.....	70% after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	70%, after deductible
Emergency room services.....	70%, after deductible

Out-of-Network Physician reimbursement rates

Services rendered in an office setting:

Mental Health/Substance Abuse	30%, after deductible
Standard Preventive Care.....	30%, after deductible
Any other medical condition.....	30%, after deductible
Inpatient and Outpatient services.....	30%, after deductible
Emergency room services.....	70%, after deductible

OTHER BENEFIT LIMITS AND MAXIMUMS

Ambulance services

Per trip, ground ambulance	\$1,000
Per trip, air ambulance.....	\$5,000
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible

Chiropractic services

Calendar Year limit.....	25 visits
Reimbursement rate for services provided by a WRMC network chiropractor.....	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate.....	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

Diabetes Self-Management Training

Reimbursement rate 90%, after deductible

- Services must be received at Washington Regional Medical Center to be considered eligible for coverage.

Dialysis

In-Network reimbursement rate.....	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	not covered

Dietitian services

Calendar Year limit..... eight visits

- This limit applies after any coverage available under Standard Preventive Care has been exhausted.
- Dietitian services are covered when rendered for treatment of a covered medical condition and also includes services rendered for obesity treatment and eating disorders.

Eyeglasses or contact lenses following cataract surgery

Lifetime limit.....initial pair of glasses or contact lenses

Independent Laboratory and Radiology

Quest Lab reimbursement rate.....	90%, after deductible
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible

Inhalation Therapy

In-Network reimbursement rate.....	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

Morbid Obesity Treatment

Calendar Year maximum \$4,000
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible

Occupational, Physical and Speech Therapies

Speech therapy, Calendar Year limit 30 visits
Physical and occupational therapy, combined Calendar Year limit 30 visits
Reimbursement rate for services provided at WRMC 90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Routine Delivery and Maternity Care

WRMC Provider reimbursement rate 100%, after deductible
In-Network Provider reimbursement rate 90%, after deductible
Out-of-Network Provider reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

- Covered charges for non-routine delivery and maternity care are subject to the standard reimbursement rate.

Skilled Nursing Care

Calendar Year limit 30 days
In-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Urgent Care Clinic services

Reimbursement rate for services provided at WRMC-owned clinic \$20 copay, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

Wigs following chemotherapy

Lifetime limit one wig, not to exceed \$500
In-Network and Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 70%, after deductible

STANDARD PREVENTIVE CARE

At all times, this Plan will comply with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the Affordable Care Act). A complete listing of Affordable Care Act preventative care services can be accessed at www.healthcare.gov/law/about/provisions/services/lists.html.

Reimbursement rates

In-Network reimbursement rate 100%, deductible waived
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate 30%, after deductible

ROUTINE PREVENTIVE CARE

In addition to the Standard Preventive Care mandated under the Affordable Care Act, this Plan also offers coverage for the following Routine Preventive Care services.

Colon Cancer Screening Benefits

Covered expenses shall include one colonoscopy and/or one Cologuard test every 10 years after the age of 50, one sigmoidoscopy or double contrast barium enema every five years after the initial colonoscopy, and one fecal occult blood test per calendar year.

Reimbursement rates

Next Health or North Hills Surgery Center facility services.....	100%, deductible waived
Next Health Physician services.....	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

Covered expenses that do not meet the criteria for coverage under the WRMC Colonoscopy/Cologuard Wellness Benefit (i.e. insured is under age 50, has had a colonoscopy and/or Cologuard test covered under the WRMC Colonoscopy Wellness Benefit within the past 10 years, or services are not performed at WRMC) will still qualify for plan coverage at the following rates.

Reimbursement rates

Next Health or North Hills Surgery Center Provider services	90%, after deductible
In-Network reimbursement rate	70%, after deductible
Out-of-Network reimbursement rate.....	30%, after deductible

SPECIAL IN-NETWORK PROVISIONS

- Non-contracted suppliers and specialists will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- If services are not available from an In-Network Provider, Covered Charges will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- If services from an In-Network Provider are not accessible, Covered Charges will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- Covered Charges for emergency and accident services will be reimbursed at the In-Network level of benefits.
- Covered Charges for inpatient or Outpatient Services rendered by an Out-of-Network anesthesiologist, pathologist or radiologist in connection with an In-Network facility will be paid at the In-Network level of benefits.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

The Prescription Drug card program is administered by the pharmacy benefits manager.

Retail and Mail Order Pharmacy Copays, per 30-Day Supply

Generic drugs.....	\$10
Preferred Brand Name drugs	\$35
Non-preferred Brand Name drugs	\$75
Specialty drugs.....	\$100

- Refills of maintenance drugs must be purchased from Express Scripts Mail Order or Smart90 Pharmacy.

Mail Order Pharmacy Copays, per 90-Day Supply

Generic drugs.....	\$20
Preferred Brand Name drugs	\$70
Non-preferred Brand Name drugs	\$150

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Medical Benefits apply when Covered Charges are incurred by a Covered Person for care of an Injury or Sickness and while the person is covered for these benefits under the Plan.

DEDUCTIBLE

Deductible Amount. This is an amount of Covered Charges for which no benefits will be paid. Before benefits can be paid in a Calendar Year a Covered Person must meet the deductible shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Calendar Year Deductible is waived for some services as indicated in the Schedule of Benefits.

This amount will accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket payment.

Family Unit Limit. When the maximum amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits has been incurred by members of a Family Unit toward their Calendar Year deductibles, the deductibles of all members of that Family Unit will be considered satisfied for that year.

Deductible For A Common Accident. This provision applies when two or more Covered Persons in a Family Unit are injured in the same accident.

These persons need not meet separate deductibles for treatment of injuries incurred in this accident; instead, only one deductible for the Calendar Year in which the accident occurred will be required for them as a unit for expenses arising from the accident.

BENEFIT PAYMENT

Each Calendar Year, benefits will be paid for the Covered Charges of a Covered Person that are in excess of the deductible and any copayments. Payment will be made at the rate shown under reimbursement rate in the Schedule of Benefits. No benefits will be paid in excess of any listed limit of the Plan.

OUT-OF-POCKET LIMIT

Covered Charges are payable at the percentages shown each Calendar Year until the out-of-pocket limit shown in the Schedule of Benefits is reached. Then, Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person will be payable at 100% (except for the charges excluded) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

When a Family Unit reaches the out-of-pocket limit, Covered Charges for that Family Unit will be payable at 100% (except for the charges excluded) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

PLAN ALLOWANCE

The Plan has defined an outer limit on Plan benefits that applies whether a Covered Person chooses to receive services from an In-Network Provider or an Out-of-Network Provider. This overall limit on the amount of Plan benefits available under the Plan is defined in this Plan Document description as the "Plan Allowance," and may also be referred to from time to time as the "Allowable Charge" or "Allowance" under the Plan. Benefits under the Plan will always be limited by the Plan Allowance that the Plan has adopted, as further defined in this section. This means that regardless of how much a health care Provider may bill for any service, drug, medical device, equipment or supplies, the benefits under the Plan will be limited to the Plan Allowance, as established in this section. The Plan Allowance may be established in the following ways:

(1) Covered In-Network Services

For covered in-network services (those received from an In-Network Provider) received in Arkansas, the Plan Allowance is the Network Fee Schedule established by the terms of the

Provider's contract with the Claims Administrator. For covered in-network services received outside the state of Arkansas, the Claims Administrator may not have a direct contract with each Provider outside Arkansas; where that is the case, the Plan Allowance for covered in-network services is determined by the allowance or fee schedule of the Provider's contract with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plan in the state where services were provided (known as the "Host Plan").

(2) Covered Out-of-Network Services

For covered out-of-network services (those received from an Out-of-Network Provider), the Plan Allowance is the amount determined by the Claims Administrator, using the following standards:

- (a)** for services received in Arkansas, the Plan Allowance for covered Out-of-Network services of Physicians and other individual Providers, as well as ambulatory surgery centers, home health, hospice, and freestanding dialysis centers or imaging centers, will be the amount of the fee schedule that the Claims Administrator has contracted with Providers in Arkansas for its Preferred Payment Plan network ("PPP"); for Hospitals classified as acute care hospitals, the Plan Allowance for covered Out-of-Network inpatient and outpatient services will be the amount calculated using the Arkansas Blue Cross and Blue Shield Facility Pricing Guidelines.
- (b)** for services received outside of Arkansas, the Plan Allowance for covered out-of-network services will be either the amount provided to the Claims Administrator by the Host Plan in that state or, if no such amount is available to the Claims Administrator from a Host Plan, then the Plan Allowance will be the amount determined under the formulas for services received in Arkansas, as referenced in (a), above, or (c), below.
- (c)** for any services of any Provider that are not addressed in any of the existing Provider contracts or pricing guidelines referenced above, the Plan Allowance for covered Out-of-Network services will be the amount established by Claims Administrator using such pricing methods, benchmarks or sources as Claims Administrator may deem appropriate in the circumstances.

(3) Patient's Share of the Plan Allowance and Billed Charges of the Provider

The Plan calculates and pays Plan benefits on the basis of the Plan Allowance, an amount that may vary substantially from the amount a Provider chooses to bill. Once the Plan Allowance is determined with respect to any Provider's billed charges, the Covered Person may be responsible for a percentage or portion of the Plan Allowance, depending on the terms of the Plan with respect to Copays, Coinsurance and Deductible. For example, if services are provided by an In-Network Provider, the Plan may pay 70% of the Plan Allowance, in which case the Covered Person would be responsible for the remaining 30% of the Plan Allowance, but not for the difference between the Plan Allowance and the Provider's billed charges. In this situation, the In-Network Provider contract protects the Covered Person from additional billing beyond the Plan Allowance. For an Out-of-Network Provider, the circumstances are substantially different. For example, if services are provided by an Out-of-Network Provider, the Plan may pay only 30% of the Plan Allowance, in which case the Covered Person would be responsible for the remaining 70% of the Plan Allowance. However, the Covered Person might also be held responsible by the Out-of-Network Provider for paying the difference between the Plan Allowance and the Provider's full, billed charges.

COVERED CHARGES

All benefits described in this document are subject to the Claims Administrator's established Coverage Policy, Allowable Charge, and the benefit limits and exclusions described more fully herein including, but not limited to the determination that: care and treatment is Medically Necessary; that services, supplies and care are not Experimental and/or Investigational. A charge is incurred on the date that the service or supply is performed or furnished.

- (1) **Hospital Care.** The medical services and supplies furnished by a Hospital or Ambulatory Surgical Center or a Birthing Center. Covered Charges for room and board will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. After 23 observation hours, a confinement will be considered an inpatient confinement.

If a Covered Person is hospitalized on the date of termination, the Plan will cover eligible Hospital facility charges only through the date of discharge from the Hospital. Any charges other than those billed by the Hospital, which are incurred in conjunction with an inpatient hospitalization, are not covered after the Covered Person's coverage is terminated.

- (2) **Coverage of Pregnancy.** The Allowable Charges for the care and treatment of Pregnancy are covered the same as any other Sickness.

Routine obstetrical ultrasounds are not covered. Services rendered by a licensed midwife are eligible for coverage.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

- (3) **Skilled Nursing Facility Care.** The room and board and nursing care furnished by a Skilled Nursing Facility will be payable if and when:
 - (a) the patient is confined as a bed patient in the facility; and
 - (b) the confinement starts within 24 hours of a Hospital stay; and
 - (c) the attending Physician certifies that the confinement is needed for further care of the condition that caused the Hospital confinement; and
 - (d) the attending Physician completes a treatment plan which includes a diagnosis, the proposed course of treatment and the projected date of discharge from the Skilled Nursing Facility.

- (4) **Physician Care.** The professional services of a Physician for surgical or medical services.

Charges for **multiple surgical procedures** will be a Covered Charge subject to the following provisions:

- (a) Coverage is provided for services of Physicians for surgery, either as an inpatient or outpatient. If coverage is provided for two or more surgical operations performed during the same surgical encounter or for bilateral procedures, payment for the secondary or subsequent procedure will be made at a reduced rate.
- (b) Payment for a covered assistant surgeon shall be limited to a single Physician, qualified to act as an assistant for the surgical procedure. Covered Charges for assistant surgery services or minimum assistant surgery services will be paid at a reduced rate which will never exceed 20% of the surgeon's Allowable Charge.
- (5) **Home Health Care Services and Supplies.** Charges for Home Health Care Services and Supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness when Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility confinement would otherwise be required. Covered services must be provided through and billed by a licensed Home Health Care Agency.

A Home Health Care visit will be considered a periodic visit by either a nurse or therapist, as the case may be, or four hours of home health aide services.

- (6) **Hospice Care Services and Supplies.** Charges for Hospice Care Services and Supplies are covered only when the attending Physician has diagnosed the Covered Person's condition as being terminal, determined that the person is not expected to live more than six months and placed the person under a Hospice Care Plan.
- (7) **Mental Illness and Substance Abuse Services (Alcohol and Drug Abuse).** Subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the Plan as set forth in this Plan Document, coverage is provided for Health Interventions to treat Mental Illness and Substance Abuse.

Non-Hospital Health Interventions

- (a) Coverage of Mental Illness and Substance Abuse Health Interventions during office visits and other forms of outpatient treatment, including partial or full-day program services is subject to the copay, deductible and out-of-pocket limit set out in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (b) Coverage is provided for a Health Intervention at a licensed psychiatric or substance use disorder treatment facility that is accredited by the Joint Commission (TJC) or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF International).
- (c) Coverage for counseling or treatment of marriage, family or child relationship dysfunction is only covered if the dysfunction is due to a condition defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

Inpatient, Partial Hospitalization Program and Intensive Outpatient Program Health Interventions

- (a) Coverage for Inpatient Hospitalization, Partial Hospitalization Programs or Intensive Outpatient Programs for Mental Illness or Substance Abuse Health Interventions.

- (i) Inpatient Hospitalization requires a patient to receive covered services 24 hours a day as an inpatient in a Hospital.
 - (ii) Partial Hospitalization Programs generally require the patient to receive covered services six to eight hours a day, five to seven days per week in a Hospital.
 - (iii) Intensive Outpatient Programs generally require the patient to receive covered services lasting two to four hours a day, three to five days per week in a Hospital.
- (b) Coverage is subject to the Inpatient admission Per Incident Copay and to the Deductible and Out-of-Pocket Limit set forth in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (8) **Other Medical Services and Supplies.** These services and supplies not otherwise included in the items above are covered as follows:
- (a) Treatment of **Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)** and routine HIV testing is covered as any other Illness.
 - (b) **Allergy-related services**, including testing, extracts and injections.
 - (c) Medically Necessary professional land, water or air **ambulance** service to a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility where necessary treatment can be provided. Charges for onsite ambulance services which do not result in transport to a Medical Care Facility are not covered. Benefits are limited as described in the Schedule of Benefits.
 - (d) **Anesthetic**; oxygen; blood and blood derivatives that are not donated or replaced; intravenous injections and solutions. Administration of these items is included.
 - (e) **Cardiac rehabilitation** services are covered when the services are deemed Medically Necessary.
 - (f) Radiation or **chemotherapy** and treatment with radioactive substances. The materials and services of technicians are included.
 - (g) Initial **contact lenses** or glasses required following cataract surgery.
 - (h) **Contraceptive** coverage is limited to charges billed by Physicians for contraceptive implants, injections, and devices, and includes all services related to the administration, fitting and insertion of such.
 - (i) **Diabetes Self-Management Training.** Includes diabetic management services provided for the nutritional, educational and psychosocial treatment of the diabetic patient. Such management includes the initial and follow-up instruction concerning:
 - (i) The physical cause and process of diabetes;
 - (ii) Nutrition, exercise, medications, monitoring of laboratory values and the interaction of these in the effective self-management of diabetes;
 - (iii) Prevention and treatment of special health problems for the diabetic patient;
 - (iv) Adjustment to lifestyle modifications;

- (v) Family involvement in the care and treatment of the diabetic patient. The family will be included in certain sessions of instruction for the patient.
- (j) **Dietitian services** for treatment of a covered medical condition, limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Coverage also includes services rendered for obesity treatment and eating disorders.
- (k) Coverage is provided for **Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** when prescribed by a Physician according to the guidelines specified below.
 - (i) Durable Medical Equipment is equipment which (1) can withstand repeated use; and (2) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; and (3) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and (4) is appropriate for use in the home.
 - (ii) Coverage for Durable Medical Equipment and Medical Supplies is provided when the Durable Medical Equipment is provided in accordance with Coverage Policy. Examples of Durable Medical Equipment include, but are not limited to, oxygen equipment, wheelchairs and crutches.
 - (iii) Replacement of DME is covered only when necessitated by normal growth or when it exceeds its useful life. Maintenance and repairs resulting from misuse or abuse of DME are the responsibility of the Covered Person.
 - (iv) When it is more cost effective, the Plan, in its discretion will purchase rather than lease equipment. In making such purchase, the Plan may deduct previous rental payments from its purchase Allowance.
- (l) **Eating disorder** treatment is restricted to services rendered by a dietitian and limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (m) **Eye exams** are covered when ordered by a Physician during treatment of a medical condition or Injury.
- (n) **Genetic testing** is covered in accordance with established Coverage Policy.
- (o) **Hearing exams** are covered when ordered by a Physician during treatment of a medical condition or Injury.
- (p) **Infertility treatment** is limited to procedures which diagnose infertility. Surgical procedures and procedures performed for the purpose of achieving Pregnancy are not covered.
- (q) **Laboratory studies.** Covered Charges for diagnostic and preventive lab testing and services.
- (r) **Morbid Obesity** treatment coverage, including gastric bypass surgery or any other procedure performed for the purpose of weight loss, is subject to prior written approval from the Claims Administrator, acting on behalf of the Plan Administrator. Obesity treatment is restricted to dietitian services and limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Benefits for approved treatment will be limited as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(s) Injury to or care of **mouth, teeth and gums**. Charges for Injury to or care of the mouth, teeth, gums and alveolar processes will be Covered Charges under Medical Benefits only if that care is for the following oral surgical procedures:

- (i) Excision of tumors and cysts of the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, roof and floor of the mouth.
- (ii) Emergency repair due to Injury to sound natural teeth. Coverage does not include Injury caused by biting or chewing.
- (iii) Surgery needed to correct accidental injuries to the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, floor and roof of the mouth.
- (iv) Excision of bony growths of the jaw and hard palate.
- (v) External incision and drainage of cellulitis.
- (vi) Incision of sinuses, salivary glands or ducts.

Coverage is provided for Hospital services, including anesthesia services in connection with treatment for a complex dental condition provided to: (1) a child who is determined by two dentists (in separate practices) to require the dental treatment without delay; (2) a Covered Person with a diagnosis of serious mental or physical condition; or (3) a Covered Person, certified by his or her Physician to have a significant behavioral problem.

No charge will be covered under Medical Benefits for dental and oral surgical procedures involving orthodontic care of the teeth, prosthetic devices, implants, grafts, periodontal disease and preparing the mouth for the fitting of or continued use of dentures.

(t) **Organ transplant** limits. Coverage is provided for human-to-human organ or tissue transplants in accordance with the following specific conditions:

- (i) Not all transplants are covered. There must be a specific Coverage Policy which allows benefits for the transplant in question, and the Covered Person must meet all of the required criteria necessary for coverage set forth in the Coverage Policy and in this Plan Document.
- (ii) Except for kidney and cornea transplants, coverage for transplant services requires Prior Approval from the Claims Administrator. A request for approval must be submitted to the Claims Administrator prior to receiving any transplant services, including transplant evaluation.
- (iii) The transplant benefit is subject to the deductible, coinsurance and any applicable copays or maximums specified in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (iv) Notwithstanding any other provisions, the Allowable Charge for an organ transplant, including any charge for the procurement of the organ, Hospital services, Physician services and associated costs, including costs of complications arising from the original procedure that occur within the Transplant Global Period, shall be limited to the lesser of (a) 90% of the billed charges or (b) the global payment determined as payment in full by a Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association Blue Distinction Centers for Transplant

participating facility, if the Covered Person chooses to use that facility. If the Covered Person receives the transplant from a facility that is not in the Blue Distinction Centers for Transplant network, but is contracted with a local Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Plan, the Allowable Charge shall be the price contracted by such Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Plan. If the Covered Person receives the transplant from a facility that is not in the Blue Distinction Centers for Transplant network and does not contract with the local Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield plan, the Allowable Charge for the transplant services provided in the Transplant Global Period is 80% of the average usual and reasonable charge authorized by participating facilities in the Blue Distinction Centers for Transplant network located in the geographic region where the transplant is performed.

- (v) Charges for obtaining donor organs or tissues are Covered Charges under the Plan when the recipient is a Covered Person. Benefits under this Plan will be payable only if there is no coverage available under the donor's plan. Donor charges include those for evaluating the organ or tissue, removing the organ or tissue from the donor, and transportation of the organ or tissue from within the United States and Canada to the place where the transplant is to take place.
- (vi) Please note that payments for any transplant (whether performed within the transplant network or by a non-participating facility) are limited to a global payment that applies to all covered transplant services; payment will not be made for any amounts in excess of the global payment for services the facility or any Physician or other Health Care Provider or supplier may bill or attempt to bill separately, because the global payment is deemed to include payment for all related necessary services (other than non-covered services). If a Covered Person uses a facility participating in the Blue Distinction Centers for Transplant network, that facility has agreed to accept the global payment as payment in full, and should not bill for any excess amount above the global payment, except for applicable deductible, coinsurance or non-covered services; however, a non-participating facility may bill the Covered Person for all amounts it may charge above the global payment. These charges above the global payment could amount to thousands of dollars in additional out-of-pocket expenses.
- (vii) When the Covered Person is the potential transplant recipient, a living donor's Hospital costs for the removal of the organ are covered with the following limitations:
 - Allowable Charges are only covered for the period beginning on the day before the transplant to the date of discharge or 39 days, whichever is less; and
 - Donor testing is covered only if the tested donor is found compatible.
- (u) The initial purchase, fitting, and repair of **orthotic appliances** such as braces, splints or other appliances which are required for support for an injured or deformed part of the body as a result of a disabling congenital condition or an Injury or Sickness.
- (v) **Prescription Drugs** (as defined) are covered under the Prescription Drug program administered by the pharmacy benefits manager. Coverage under Medical Benefits is available for injectable medications while confined as an inpatient, or when provided and administered by a Physician in a clinic setting.

- (w) **Preventive Care.** Standard Preventive Care shall be provided as required by applicable law. Standard Preventive Care includes services with an "A" or "B" rating from the United States Preventive Services Task Force.

Examples of Standard Preventive Care for adults include:

- Screenings for: breast cancer, cervical cancer, colorectal cancer, high blood pressure, Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, cholesterol, and obesity.
- Immunizations for adults recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and
- Additional preventive care and screening for women provided for in the guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration, including the following:
 - Women's contraceptives, sterilization procedures, and counseling.
 - Breastfeeding support, supplies, and counseling.
 - Gestational diabetes screening.

The list of services included as Standard Preventive Care may change from time to time depending upon government guidelines. A current listing of required preventive care can be accessed at: www.HealthCare.gov/center/regulations/prevention.html and <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/index.html>.

Charges for Routine Well Adult Care. Routine well adult care is care by a Physician that is not for an Injury or Sickness. Covered charges under Medical Benefits for Routine Preventive Care is limited to colon cancer screening benefits as described in the Schedule of Benefits Section.

Examples of Standard Preventive Care for children include:

- Immunizations for children and adolescents recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. These may include:
 - Diphtheria,
 - Pertussis,
 - Tetanus,
 - Polio,
 - Measles,
 - Mumps,
 - Rubella,
 - Hemophilus influenza b (Hib),
 - Hepatitis B,
 - Varicella.
- Preventive care and screenings for infants, children and adolescents as provided for in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration

The list of services included as Standard Preventive Care may change from time to time

depending upon government guidelines. A current listing of required preventive care can be accessed at: www.HealthCare.gov/center/regulations/prevention.html and <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/index.html>.

- (x) The initial purchase, fitting and repair of fitted **prosthetic devices** which replace body parts.
- (y) **Reconstructive Surgery.** Correction of abnormal congenital conditions, reconstructive procedures following surgical treatment of an Illness or Accidental Injury, and reconstructive mammoplasties will be considered Covered Charges.

This mammoplasty coverage will include reimbursement for:

- (i) reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy has been performed,
- (ii) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance, and
- (iii) coverage of prostheses and physical complications during all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas,

in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

- (z) **Sleep studies** are covered in accordance with established Coverage Policy. Services must be performed at Washington Regional Medical Center to be considered eligible for coverage.
- (aa) **Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic services** by a Provider acting within the scope of his or her own license. Coverage is limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits when performed by a licensed D.C.
- (bb) **Sterilization** procedures (tubal ligation and vasectomy) for a Covered Employee and their Covered Spouse.
- (cc) **Surgical dressings**, splints, casts and other devices used in the reduction of fractures and dislocations.
- (dd) **Therapy Services.** Coverage is provided for inpatient and outpatient therapy services when performed or prescribed by a Physician. Such therapy services include physical and occupational therapy. Such therapy services shall include services provided for developmental delay, developmental speech or language disorder, developmental coordination disorder and mixed developmental disorder. Therapy services must be performed by an appropriate registered physical, occupational or speech-language therapist licensed by the appropriate State Licensing Board.
- (ee) Coverage of **Well Newborn Nursery/Physician Care.**

Charges for Routine Nursery Care. Routine well newborn nursery care is care while the newborn is Hospital-confined after birth and includes room, board and other normal care for which a Hospital makes a charge.

This coverage is only provided if the newborn child is an eligible Dependent and a parent (1) is a Covered Person who was covered under the Plan at the time of the birth, or (2)

enrolls himself or herself (as well as the newborn child if required) in accordance with the Special Enrollment provisions with coverage effective as of the date of birth.

The benefit is limited to Allowable Charges for nursery care for the first five days after birth while the newborn child is Hospital confined as a result of the child's birth or until the mother is discharged, whichever is less.

Charges for covered routine nursery care will be applied toward the Plan of the mother. If the mother is not covered under this Plan, charges will be applied toward the Plan of the father.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Charges for Routine Physician Care. The benefit is limited to the Allowable Charges made by a Physician for routine pediatric care for the first five days after birth while the newborn child is Hospital confined, or until the mother is discharged, whichever is less.

Charges for covered routine Physician care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child.

- (ff) Diagnostic **x-rays**.

COST MANAGEMENT SERVICES

CERTIFICATION OF MEDICAL SERVICES

The Plan has a program designed to help insure that all Covered Persons receive necessary and appropriate health care while avoiding unnecessary expenses.

Please refer to the Covered Person's health plan identification card for the Precertification Services phone number.

The program consists of:

- (1) Precertification of the Medical Necessity for the following services before Medical and/or Surgical services are provided:

Inpatient Admissions

Emergency Inpatient Admissions (call must be made within 48 hours of admission)

- (2) Retrospective review of the Medical Necessity of the listed services provided
- (3) Concurrent review, in consideration of extended services
- (4) Discharge planning.

The purpose of the program is to determine what charges may be eligible for payment by the Plan. This program is not designed to be the practice of medicine or to be a substitute for the medical judgment of the attending Physician or other health care Provider.

If a particular course of treatment or medical service is not certified, it means that either the Plan will not pay for the charges or the Plan will not consider that course of treatment as appropriate for the maximum reimbursement under the Plan. The patient is urged to find out why there is a discrepancy between what was requested and what was certified before incurring charges.

Precertification requirements are waived for a maternity length of stay that is 48 hours or less for a vaginal delivery or 96 hours or less for a cesarean delivery.

In order to maximize Plan reimbursements, please read the following provisions carefully.

Here's how the program works:

The responsible party must call the Precertification Services telephone number on the Covered Person's health plan identification card.

Through the precertification process, the number of days of Medical Care Facility confinement authorized for payment will be determined. **Failure to follow this procedure may reduce reimbursement received from the Plan.**

Concurrent review, discharge planning. Concurrent review of a course of treatment and discharge planning from a Medical Care Facility are parts of the precertification program. The Covered Person's Medical Care Facility stay or use of other medical services will be monitored and either the scheduled release or an extension of the Medical Care Facility stay or extension or cessation of the use of other medical services will be coordinated with the attending Physician, Medical Care Facility and Covered Person.

Responsibility for Obtaining Precertification

The following table identifies services which require precertification and who is responsible for obtaining precertification.

Services requiring precertification	Party Responsible for Notification if Provider is In-Network	Party Responsible for Notification if Provider is Out-of-Network*
Inpatient admissions, including emergency admissions	In-Network Hospital The In-Network Hospital is responsible for any penalty amounts incurred for failure to obtain precertification.	Covered Person Failure to obtain precertification will result in a \$200 reduction in benefits paid by the Plan. The Covered Person is responsible for reimbursing the Provider for the penalty amount.
Inpatient admissions, concurrent care extension	In-Network Hospital The In-Network Hospital is responsible for any penalty amounts incurred for failure to obtain precertification.	Covered Person Failure to obtain precertification will result in a \$200 reduction in benefits paid by the Plan. The Covered Person is responsible for reimbursing the Provider for the penalty amount.

*Some Out-of-Network Providers may have contracts with either the Claims Administrator or the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plan in the state where services were provided, which make them responsible for any penalty amounts incurred for failure to obtain precertification. The Covered Person may contact BlueAdvantage at the customer service telephone number listed on the health plan identification card to determine if a specific Out-of-Network Provider has this type of contract

SECOND AND/OR THIRD OPINION PROGRAM

Certain surgical procedures are performed either inappropriately or unnecessarily. In some cases, surgery is only one of several treatment options. In other cases, surgery will not help the condition.

In order to prevent unnecessary or potentially harmful surgical treatments, the second and/or third opinion program fulfills the dual purpose of protecting the health of the Plan's Covered Persons and protecting the financial integrity of the Plan.

Benefits will be provided for a second (and third, if necessary) opinion consultation to determine the Medical Necessity of an elective surgical procedure. An elective surgical procedure is one that can be scheduled in advance; that is, it is not an emergency or of a life-threatening nature. Benefits for the second (and third, if necessary) opinion will be paid as any other Sickness.

CASE MANAGEMENT

Case Management is a program under which nurses communicate with Plan Participants' Physicians to facilitate access to benefits under the Plan Participants' Medical Benefits Plan, to identify benefit options for outpatient or home treatment settings, and, where appropriate in the Physician's independent professional judgment, to identify and offer Plan Participants a choice of cost-effective alternatives to Hospitalization. Case management nurses are licensed professionals who use their specialized skills to communicate effectively with Physicians; they do not, however, provide any medical services to Plan Participants. All treatment decisions

remain exclusively with the Plan Participant and his or her Physicians.

Case management services can provide the following value-added benefits for Plan Participants and the Plan:

- (1) maximize the benefits available under the Medical Benefits Plan;
- (2) at the same time, identify cost-effective alternatives to high-cost treatment settings such as Hospitalization;
- (3) educate Plan Participants and their Physicians on cost-effective alternatives from which they may choose;
- (4) provide health education to Plan Participants to empower them and their families to self-manage aspects of their care as deemed appropriate by their Physician; and,
- (5) help Plan Participants better understand and deal with the complexities of the health care system and their Medical Benefits Plan

DEFINED TERMS

The following terms have special meanings and when used in this Plan will be capitalized.

Active Employee is an Employee who is on the regular payroll of the Employer and who has begun to perform the duties of his or her job with the Employer on a full-time basis.

Allowable Charge when used in connection with covered services or supplies delivered in Arkansas, will be the amount deemed by the Claims Administrator, in its sole discretion, to be reasonable. The customary allowance is the basic Allowable Charge. However, Allowable Charge may vary, given the facts of the case and the opinion of the Claims Administrator.

Allowable Charges for services or supplies received out of Arkansas may be determined by the local Blue Cross and Blue Shield Plan. Please note that all benefits under this Plan are subject to and shall be paid only by reference to the Allowable Charge as determined at the discretion of the Plan. This means that regardless of how much a health care Provider may bill for a given service, the benefits under this Plan will be limited by the established Allowable Charge. If services are rendered by a participating Provider, that Provider is obligated to accept the established rate as payment in full, and should only bill the member for Deductible, Coinsurance and any non-covered services; however, if services are rendered by a non-participating Provider, the member will be responsible for all amounts billed in excess of the Allowable Charge.

Ambulatory Surgical Center is a licensed facility that is used mainly for performing outpatient surgery, has a staff of Physicians, has continuous Physician and nursing care by registered nurses (R.N.s) and does not provide for overnight stays.

Birthing Center means any freestanding health facility, place, professional office or institution which is not a Hospital or in a Hospital, where births occur in a home-like atmosphere. This facility must be licensed and operated in accordance with the laws pertaining to Birthing Centers in the jurisdiction where the facility is located.

The Birthing Center must provide facilities for obstetrical delivery and short-term recovery after delivery; provide care under the full-time supervision of a Physician and either a registered nurse (R.N.) or a licensed nurse-midwife; and have a written agreement with a Hospital in the same locality for immediate acceptance of patients who develop complications or require pre- or post-delivery confinement.

Calendar Year means January 1st through December 31st of the same year.

COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

Cosmetic Surgery means any surgical procedure, including corrective plastic or reconstructive plastic surgical procedures, having the primary purpose of improving physical appearance. Cosmetic Surgery also includes any procedure required in order to correct complications caused by or arising from prior Cosmetic Surgery. However, Cosmetic Surgery does not include in connection with a mastectomy, (a) reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed, and (b) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.

Coverage Policy - With respect to certain drugs, treatments, services, tests, equipment or supplies, the Claims Administrator has developed specific Coverage Policies, which have been put into writing, and are available upon request from the Claims Administrator. If the Claims Administrator has developed a specific Coverage Policy that applies to the drug, treatment, service, test, equipment or supply that the Covered Person received or seeks to have covered under the Plan, the Coverage Policy shall be deemed to be determinative in evaluating whether such drug, treatment, service, test, equipment or supply meets the coverage criteria; however, the absence of a specific Coverage Policy with respect to any particular drug, treatment, service, test, equipment or

supply shall not be construed to mean that such drug, treatment, service, test, equipment or supply meets the coverage criteria.

Covered Charge(s) means those Medically Necessary services or supplies that are covered under this Plan.

Covered Person is an Employee or Dependent who is covered under this Plan.

Custodial Care is care (including Room and Board needed to provide that care) that is given principally for personal hygiene or for assistance in daily activities and can, according to generally accepted medical standards, be performed by persons who have no medical training. Examples of Custodial Care are help in walking and getting out of bed; assistance in bathing, dressing, feeding; or supervision over medication which could normally be self-administered.

Durable Medical Equipment means equipment which (a) can withstand repeated use, (b) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, (c) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury and (d) is appropriate for use in the home.

Employee means a person who is an Active, regular Employee of the Employer, regularly scheduled to work for the Employer in an Employee/Employer relationship.

Employer is Washington Regional Medical Center.

ERISA is the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

Experimental or Investigational. The Plan shall have full discretion to determine whether a drug, device or medical treatment is experimental or investigational. Any drug, device or medical treatment may be deemed experimental or investigational, in the Plan's discretion, if:

- (1) the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and final regulatory approval for marketing has not been announced to the public at the time the drug or device is furnished; or
- (2) the drug, device, treatment or procedure, or the patient informed consent document utilized with the drug, device, treatment or procedure, was reviewed and approved by the treating facility's Institutional Review Board or other body serving a similar function, or if federal law requires such review and approval;
- (3) Reliable Evidence (as defined below) shows that the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is the subject of on-going phase I, II or III clinical trials or is otherwise under study to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy, or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis;
- (4) Reliable Evidence (as defined below) shows that the majority opinion among experts, as stated in the published authoritative literature, regarding the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis.
- (5) Reliable Evidence (as defined below) shows that a majority opinion among experts, as stated in the published authoritative literature, regarding the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure neither supports nor denies its use for a particular condition or disease.
- (6) Reliable Evidence (as defined below) shows that the majority opinion among experts, as stated in

the published authoritative literature, regarding the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is that it should not be used as a first line therapy for a particular condition or disease.

“Reliable Evidence” shall mean only the following sources:

- (a) the patient’s medical records or other information from the treating Physician(s) or from a consultant(s) regarding the patient’s medical history, treatment or condition;
- (b) the written protocol(s) under which the drug, device, treatment or procedure is provided to the patient;
- (c) any consent document the patient has executed or will be asked to execute, in order to receive the drug, device, treatment or procedure;
- (d) published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature, signed by or published in the name of a recognized medical expert, regarding the drug, device, treatment or procedure at issue as applied to the Injury, Illness or condition at issue; or
- (e) the written protocol(s) used by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure.

Family Unit is the covered Employee and the family members who are covered as Dependents under the Plan.

Home Health Care Agency is an organization that meets all of these tests: its main function is to provide Home Health Care Services and Supplies; it is federally certified as a Home Health Care Agency; and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

Home Health Care Plan must meet these tests: it must be a formal written plan made by the patient's attending Physician which is reviewed at least every 30 days; it must state the diagnosis; it must certify that the Home Health Care is in place of Hospital confinement; and it must specify the type and extent of Home Health Care required for the treatment of the patient.

Home Health Care Services and Supplies include: part-time or intermittent nursing care by or under the supervision of a registered nurse (R.N.); part-time or intermittent home health aide services provided through a Home Health Care Agency (this does not include general housekeeping services); physical, occupational and speech therapy; medical supplies; and laboratory services by or on behalf of the Hospital.

Hospice Agency is an organization where its main function is to provide Hospice Care Services and Supplies and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

Hospice Care Plan is a plan of terminal patient care that is established and conducted by a Hospice Agency and supervised by a Physician.

Hospice Care Services and Supplies are those provided through a Hospice Agency and under a Hospice Care Plan and include inpatient care in a Hospice Unit or other licensed facility, home care, and family counseling during the bereavement period.

Hospice Unit is a facility or separate Hospital Unit, that provides treatment under a Hospice Care Plan and admits at least two unrelated persons who are expected to die within six months.

Hospital means an acute general care Hospital, a psychiatric Hospital and a rehabilitation Hospital licensed as such by the appropriate state agency. It does not include any of the following, unless required by applicable law: Hospitals owned or operated by state or federal agencies, convalescent homes or Hospitals, homes for the

aged, sanitariums, long term care facilities, infirmaries, or any institution operated mainly for treatment of long-term chronic diseases.

Illness means a bodily disorder, disease, physical Sickness or Mental Disorder. Illness includes Pregnancy, childbirth, miscarriage or complications of Pregnancy.

Injury means an accidental physical Injury to the body caused by unexpected external means.

In-Network Provider means a health care Provider who has entered into a network participation contract with either the Claims Administrator or, outside the state of Arkansas, with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plan in the state where services were provided (“Host Plan”).

Late Enrollee means a Plan Participant who enrolls under the Plan other than during the first 31-day period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under the Plan or during a Special Enrollment Period.

Legal Guardian means a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child.

Lifetime is a word that appears in this Plan in reference to benefit maximums and limitations. Lifetime is understood to mean while covered under this Plan. Under no circumstances does Lifetime mean during the lifetime of the Covered Person.

Medical Care Facility means a Hospital, a facility that treats one or more specific ailments or any type of Skilled Nursing Facility.

Medical Emergency means medical conditions of a recent onset and severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain that would lead a prudent lay person, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, to believe that a condition, Sickness, or Injury is of such a nature that failure to get immediate medical care could result in (a) placing the patient’s health in serious jeopardy; (b) serious impairment to bodily functions; or (c) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

Medical Non-Emergency Care means care which can safely and adequately be provided other than in a Hospital.

Medically Necessary care and treatment is recommended or approved by a Physician; is consistent with the patient's condition or accepted standards of good medical practice; is medically proven to be effective treatment of the condition; is not performed mainly for the convenience of the patient or Provider of medical services; is not conducted for research purposes; and is the most appropriate level of services which can be safely provided to the patient.

All of these criteria must be met; merely because a Physician recommends or approves certain care does not mean that it is Medically Necessary.

Medicare is the Health Insurance For The Aged and Disabled program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended.

Mental Illness means and includes (whether organic or non-organic, whether of biological, non-biological, chemical or non-chemical origin, and irrespective of cause, basis or inducement) mental disorders, mental illnesses, psychiatric illnesses, mental conditions, and psychiatric conditions. This includes, but is not limited to psychoses, neurotic disorders, schizophrenic disorders, affective disorders, personality disorders and psychological or behavioral abnormalities associated with transient or permanent dysfunction of the brain or related neurohormonal systems. (This is intended to include only illnesses classified on Axes I and II in the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric

Association, Washington, D.C.)

Morbid Obesity is a diagnosed condition in which the patient has a BMI of 40 or greater, or a BMI of 36-39 with the presence of other high-risk co-morbid conditions.

No-Fault Auto Insurance is the basic reparations provision of a law providing for payments without determining fault in connection with automobile accidents.

Out-of-Network Provider means a health care Provider who does not have a network participation contract with either the Claims Administrator or, outside the state of Arkansas, with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plan in the state where services were provided (“Host Plan”).

Outpatient Care and/or Services is treatment including services, supplies and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician's office, laboratory or X-ray facility, an Ambulatory Surgical Center, or the patient's home.

Pharmacy means a licensed establishment where covered Prescription Drugs are filled and dispensed by a pharmacist licensed under the laws of the state where he or she practices.

Physician means a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.) or a Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.) duly licensed and qualified to practice medicine and perform surgery at the time and place a claimed intervention is rendered. Physician also means a Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), a Chiropractor (D.C.), a Psychologist (Ph.D.), an Oral Surgeon (D.D.S.) or an Optometrist (O.D.) duly licensed and qualified to perform the claimed health intervention at the time and place such intervention is rendered.

Plan means Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan, which is a benefits plan for certain Employees of Washington Regional Medical Center and is described in this document.

Plan Allowance means the maximum amount the Plan will cover or pay for any health care services, drugs, medical devices, equipment, supplies or benefits covered by the Plan. This overall limit on the amount of Plan benefits available under the Plan may also be referred to as the “Allowable Charge or “Allowance” under the Plan

Plan Participant is any Employee or Dependent who is covered under this Plan.

Plan Year is the 12-month period beginning on either the effective date of the Plan or on the day following the end of the first Plan Year which is a short Plan Year.

Preferred Provider means a facility or physician who has a written agreement to provide health care services and supplies to PPO Plan Participants for a set fee.

Preferred Provider Organization or PPO means the PPO with which this Plan has contracted to provide medical care, services and supplies to Plan Participants.

Pregnancy is childbirth and conditions associated with Pregnancy, including complications.

Prescription Drug means any of the following: a Food and Drug Administration-approved drug or medicine which, under federal law, is required to bear the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription"; injectable insulin; hypodermic needles or syringes, but only when dispensed upon a written prescription of a licensed Physician. Such drug must be Medically Necessary in the treatment of a Sickness or Injury.

Provider means a Hospital or a Physician. Provider also means a certified registered nurse anesthetist; a licensed audiologist; a chiropractor; a dentist; a licensed certified social worker; a licensed durable medical equipment Provider; an optometrist; a pharmacist; a physical therapist; a podiatrist; a psychologist; a respiratory therapist; a speech pathologist and any other type of health care Provider which the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, approves for reimbursement for services rendered.

Sickness is a person's Illness, disease or Pregnancy (including complications).

Skilled Nursing Facility is a facility that fully meets all of these tests:

- (1) It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an inpatient basis to persons convalescing from Injury or Sickness. The service must be rendered by a registered nurse (R.N.) or by a licensed practical nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a registered nurse. Services to help restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
- (2) Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
- (3) It provides 24 hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time registered nurse.
- (4) It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
- (5) It has an effective utilization review plan.
- (6) It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, mentally disabled, Custodial or educational care or care of Mental Disorders.
- (7) It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

This term also applies to charges incurred in a facility referring to itself as an extended care facility, convalescent nursing home, rehabilitation Hospital, long-term acute care facility or any other similar nomenclature.

Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic Care means skeletal adjustments, manipulation or other treatment in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance or subluxation in the human body. Such treatment is done by a Physician to remove nerve interference resulting from, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column.

Substance Abuse means a maladaptive pattern of substance use manifested by recurrent and significant adverse consequences related to the repeated use of substances.

Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) syndrome is the treatment of jaw joint disorders including conditions of structures linking the jaw bone and skull and the complex of muscles, nerves and other tissues related to the temporomandibular joint.

Total Disability (Totally Disabled) means: In the case of a Dependent, the complete inability as a result of Injury or Sickness to perform the normal activities of a person of like age and sex in good health.

Transplant Global Period means a period of time that begins on or prior to the day of the transplant procedure and extends for a number of days after the transplant procedure. The length of the Transplant Global Period varies, depending upon the type of transplant involved.

Urgent Care Services means care and treatment for an Illness, Injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require emergency room services.

PLAN EXCLUSIONS

Note: All exclusions related to Prescription Drugs are shown in the Prescription Drug Plan.

For all Medical Benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits, a charge for the following is not covered:

- (1) **Abortion.** Services, supplies, care or treatment in connection with an abortion unless the life of the mother is endangered by the continued Pregnancy. Charges for abortions performed by pharmaceutical methods are not covered.
- (2) **Active Duty.** Charges for an Injury sustained or an Illness contracted while on active duty or military service, unless payment is legally required.
- (3) **Acupuncture.** Services, supplies, care or treatment in connection with acupuncture.
- (4) **Administrative Fees.** Fees incurred for acquiring or copying medical records, sales tax, preparation of records for other insurance carriers or insurance agencies, medical evaluation for life, disability or any type of insurance coverage are not covered.
- (5) **Alcohol.** Services, supplies, care or treatment to a Covered Person for an Injury or Sickness which occurred as a result of that Covered Person's illegal use of alcohol. Expenses will be covered for Injured Covered Persons other than the person illegally using alcohol. The following must be present for there to be sufficient evidence for the purpose of this exclusion: (1) the results of a valid blood, breath or urine test performed by a qualified Provider indicating the Covered Person's alcohol level exceeds the legal limit in the state where the Injury or Sickness occurred or (2) a written citation from a law enforcement officer, in attendance where the Injury or Sickness occurred, indicating the Covered Person was under the influence of alcohol. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.
- (6) **Appointments.** Charges resulting from the failure to keep a scheduled visit with a Physician or other Provider are not covered.
- (7) **Bereavement services.** Medical social services and outpatient family counseling and/or therapy for bereavement, except if provided as Hospice Care, are not covered.
- (8) **Biofeedback.** Biofeedback and other forms of self-care or self-help training, and any related diagnostic testing are not covered for any diagnosis or medical condition.
- (9) **Blood typing.** Blood typing for paternity testing.
- (10) **Clinical Trials.** Services or supplies provided in connection with a phase I, II, III or IV clinical trial or any study to determine the maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy, or efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis of a drug, device or medical treatment or procedure are not covered. This exclusion will not apply to routine items and services that (a) would have been Covered Expenses had they not be incurred during an approved clinical trial, and (b) are provided during an approved clinical trial, as required and defined under PHSA Section 2709.
- (11) **Cochlear implants.** Charges related to cochlear implants.
- (12) **Complications of non-covered treatments.** Care, services or treatment required as a result of complications from a treatment not covered under the Plan are not covered.

- (13) **Contraceptives.** Contraceptive implants, patches, cervical shields or any other type of contraception that can be purchased from a Pharmacy or is available over the counter. Oral contraceptives are not covered under Medical Benefits, but may be covered under the Prescription Drug Card program administered by the pharmacy benefits manager.
- (14) **Cosmetic Surgery.** Cosmetic Surgery, care and treatment provided for cosmetic reasons. This exclusion will not apply if services are for reconstructive procedures following surgical treatment of an Illness or Accidental Injury, or correction of an abnormal congenital condition. Reconstructive mammoplasty will be covered after Medically Necessary surgery.
- (15) **Custodial Care.** Services or supplies for custodial, convalescent, domiciliary or support care and non-medical services to assist a Covered Person with activities of daily living are not covered.
- (16) **Custodial Care Facility.** Services or supplies furnished by an institution which is primarily a place of rest or a place for the aged are not covered. Youth homes, schools, or therapeutic wilderness, ranch or camp programs, or any similar institution is not covered.
- (17) **Delivery Charges.** Charges for shipping, packaging, handling or delivering Medications are not separately covered.
- (18) **Diabetic Supplies.** Charges for diabetic supplies and equipment are not covered under Medical Benefits but instead are covered under the Prescription Drug Card Program. Insulin pumps and insulin pump supplies are covered under Medical Benefits.
- (19) **Dietary and nutritional services.** Services or supplies provided for dietary and nutritional services, unless such services are for the sole source of nutrition for a Covered Person.
- (20) **Educational or vocational testing.** Services for educational or vocational testing or training.
- (21) **Environmental change.** Charges for environmental change including Hospital or Physician charges connected with prescribing an environmental change.
- (22) **Excess charges.** The part of an expense for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is in excess of the Allowable Charge.
- (23) **Exercise programs.** Exercise programs for treatment of any condition, including but not limited to physical education programs in a group setting, health club memberships, athletic training, back schools, or work hardening. This exclusion does not apply to Physician-supervised cardiac rehabilitation, occupational or physical therapy if covered by this Plan.
- (24) **Experimental or not Medically Necessary.** Care and treatment that is either Experimental/Investigational or not Medically Necessary.
- (25) **Eye care.** Radial keratotomy or other eye surgery to correct refractive disorders. Also, including refractions, lenses for the eyes and exams for their fitting. A procedure, treatment, service, equipment or supply to correct a refractive error of the eye is covered in two instances: (1) if such refractive error results from traumatic injury or corneal disease, infectious or non-infectious, and (2) the single acquisition of eyeglasses or contact lenses within the first six months following cataract surgery. With respect to such eyeglasses or contact lenses, tinting or anti-reflective coating and progressive lenses are not covered.

- (26) **Foot care.** Treatment of weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, foot orthoses, metatarsalgia or bunions (except open cutting operations), and treatment of corns, calluses or toenails (unless needed in treatment of a metabolic or peripheral-vascular disease).
- (27) **Foreign travel.** Care, treatment or supplies out of the United States if travel is for the sole purpose of obtaining medical services. Services received outside of the United States must be Medically Necessary to be considered eligible for coverage.
- (28) **Genetic Testing.** Genetic testing to determine the likelihood of developing a disease or condition, the likelihood of a disease or the presence of a disease in a relative, or the likelihood of passing an inheritable disease or congenital abnormality to an offspring, are not covered. Services for pre-implantation genetic diagnosis or treatment are not covered. However, genetic testing of the products of an amniocentesis, to determine the presence of a disease or congenital anomaly in the fetus, or genetic testing of a Covered Person's tissue to determine if the person has a specific disease is covered, subject to established coverage criteria.
- (29) **Habilitative therapy.** Services provided in order for a person to attain and maintain a skill or function that was never learned or acquired are not covered.
- (30) **Hair loss.** Care and treatment for hair loss including wigs, hair transplants or any drug that promises hair growth, whether or not prescribed by a Physician. This exclusion will not apply to wigs following chemotherapy, limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.
- (31) **Health and Behavior Assessment/Intervention.** Evaluation of psychosocial factors potentially impacting physical health problems and treatments are not covered. This includes health and behavior assessment procedures used to identify psychological, behavioral, emotional, cognitive, and social factors affecting physical health problems.
- (32) **Hearing tests and hearing aids.** Charges for routine hearing tests, services or supplies in connection with hearing aids or exams for their fitting.
- (33) **Hippotherapy.** Charges associated with hippotherapy.
- (34) **Hospital employees.** Professional services billed by a Physician or nurse who is an employee of a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility and paid by the Hospital or facility for the service.
- (35) **Hypnotherapy.** Hypnotherapy is not covered for any diagnosis or medical condition.
- (36) **Illegal Acts.** Charges for services received as a result of Injury or Sickness caused by or contributed to by engaging in an illegal act or occupation; by committing or attempting to commit any crime, criminal act, assault or other felonious behavior; or by participating in a riot or public disturbance. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.
- (37) **Illegal drugs or medications.** Services, supplies, care or treatment to a Covered Person for an Injury or Sickness resulting from that Covered Person's voluntary taking or being under the influence of any controlled substance, drug, hallucinogen or narcotic not administered on the advice of a Physician. Expenses will be covered for Injured Covered Persons other than the person illegally using the controlled substances. A written citation from a law enforcement officer, in attendance where the Injury or Sickness occurred, indicating the Covered Person was under the influence of a controlled substance, drug, hallucinogen, or narcotic not administered on the advice of a Physician must be present for there to be sufficient evidence for the purpose of this

- exclusion. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.
- (38) **Impacted teeth.** Charges related to surgical extraction of impacted teeth.
 - (39) **Infertility.** Care, supplies, services and treatment for infertility, except for diagnostic services rendered for infertility evaluation. Artificial insemination, in vitro fertilization, or any procedures performed for the purpose of achieving Pregnancy are not covered.
 - (40) **Jaw Joint Disorder.** Charges for treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder, cranial mandibular disharmony and myofascial pain syndrome by any method, including, but not limited to: charges for treatment to alter vertical dimension or to restore abraded dentition, orthodontia and intra-oral prosthetic devices.
 - (41) **Learning Disabilities.** Services or supplies provided for learning disabilities, i.e. reading disorder, alexia, developmental dyslexia, dyscalculia, spelling difficulty, and other learning difficulties, are not covered.
 - (42) **Nicotine replacement products.** Charges for nicotine replacement products, including lozenges, nasal sprays, inhalers, nicotine gum and transdermal nicotine patches purchased over the counter or with a prescription, are not covered under Medical Benefits.
 - (43) **No charge.** Care and treatment for which there would not have been a charge if no coverage had been in force.
 - (44) **Non-emergency Hospital admissions.** Care and treatment billed by a Hospital for non-Medical Emergency admissions on a Friday or a Saturday. This does not apply if surgery is performed within 24 hours of admission.
 - (45) **No obligation to pay.** Charges incurred for which the Plan has no legal obligation to pay.
 - (46) **No Physician recommendation.** Care, treatment, services or supplies not recommended and approved by a Physician; or treatment, services or supplies when the Covered Person is not under the regular care of a Physician. Regular care means ongoing medical supervision or treatment which is appropriate care for the Injury or Sickness.
 - (47) **Not specified as covered.** Non-traditional medical services, treatments and supplies which are not specified as covered under this Plan.
 - (48) **Obesity.** Care and treatment of obesity, weight loss or dietary control whether or not it is, in any case, a part of the treatment plan for another Sickness. This exclusion will not apply to dietitian services which are limited as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. All treatment for Morbid Obesity is subject to prior approval by the Claims Administrator, acting on behalf of the Plan Administrator.
 - (49) **Occupational.** Care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is occupational -- that is, arises from work for wage or profit including self-employment.
 - (50) **Orthopedic shoes.** Charges for orthopedic shoes (except when they are an integral part of the leg brace and the cost is included in the orthotist's charge) or shoe inserts, or the purchase of orthotic services or appliances. This exclusion does not apply to orthopedic shoes prescribed during the treatment of a metabolic or peripheral-vascular disease.

- (51) **Personal comfort items.** Personal comfort items or other equipment, such as, but not limited to, air conditioners, air-purification units, humidifiers, electric heating units, orthopedic mattresses, blood pressure instruments, scales, elastic bandages or stockings, nonprescription drugs and medicines, and first-aid supplies and nonhospital adjustable beds.
- (52) **Plan design excludes.** Charges excluded by the Plan design as mentioned in this document.
- (53) **Prescription Drugs** are not covered under Medical Benefits, but are covered under the Prescription Drug Card program administered by the pharmacy benefits manager.
- (54) **Private duty nursing.** Charges for private duty nursing are not covered unless services are rendered as part of a pre-approved Home Health treatment plan.
- (55) **Provider Not Defined.** Services or supplies provided by an individual or entity that is not a Provider as defined in this Plan Document are not covered.
- (56) **Recreational therapy.** Services or supplies provided by a recreational therapist.
- (57) **Relative giving services.** Professional services performed by a person who ordinarily resides in the Covered Person's home or is related to the Covered Person as a Spouse, parent, child, brother or sister, whether the relationship is by blood or exists in law.
- (58) **Replacement Durable Medical Equipment, prosthetic or orthotic appliances.** Replacement of Durable Medical Equipment, prosthetic or orthotic appliances due to loss or misuse.
- (59) **Routine care.** Charges for routine or periodic examinations, screening examinations, evaluation procedures, preventive medical care or treatment or services not directly related to the diagnosis or treatment of a specific Injury, Sickness or Pregnancy-related condition which is known or reasonably suspected, unless such care is specifically covered elsewhere in this document.
- (60) **Routine obstetrical ultrasounds.** Routine obstetrical ultrasounds are not covered.
- (61) **Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD).** Use of photo therapy or light therapy to treat seasonal affective disorder or depression is not covered.
- (62) **Services before or after coverage.** Care, treatment or supplies for which a charge was incurred before a person was covered under this Plan or after coverage ceased under this Plan.
- (63) **Sleep disorders.** Care and treatment for sleep disorders unless deemed Medically Necessary. Services are only covered if performed at Washington Regional.
- (64) **Surgical sterilization reversal.** Care and treatment for reversal of surgical sterilization
- (65) **Telephone and Other Electronic Consultation.** Telephone calls or other forms of electronic consultation (e.g. e-mail, internet or video) between a Provider and a Covered Person, or between a Provider and another Provider, for medical management or coordinating care, are not covered. This includes reporting or obtaining tests or laboratory results. However, subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the Plan as set forth in this Benefit Certificate, communications made by a Physician responsible for the direct care of a Covered Person in Case Management with involved health care Providers are covered.
- (66) **Travel or accommodations.** Charges for travel or accommodations, whether or not recommended by a Physician, except for ambulance charges as defined as a covered expense.

- (67) **Unlicensed Provider.** Coverage is not provided for treatment, procedures or services received from any person or entity, including but not limited to Physicians, who is required to be licensed to perform the treatment, procedure or service, but (1) is not so licensed, or (2) has had his license suspended, revoked or otherwise terminated for any reason, or (3) has a license that does not include within its scope the treatment, procedure or service provided.
- (68) **War.** Any loss that is due to a declared or undeclared act of war.
- (69) **Weight Control.** Medications prescribed, dispensed or used for the treatment of obesity, or for use in any program of weight control, weight reduction, weight loss or dietary control are not covered.
- (70) **Workers' Compensation.** Any condition for which benefits of any nature are payable or are found to be eligible, either by adjudication or settlement, under any Worker's Compensation law, Employer's liability law, or occupational disease law, even though the Covered Person fails to claim rights to such benefits or fails to enroll or purchase such coverage.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

MANAGED PHARMACY PROGRAM

The Plan has contracted with the pharmacy benefits manager Express Scripts to provide Plan Participants with prescription medication coverage. To use this benefit, Plan Participants should present their identification card to a participating Pharmacy. Participants can obtain prescription medications for the Brand or Generic copayment subject to the terms, conditions and limitations outlined in this Plan Document. Further details regarding prescription drug coverage is available at www.express-scripts.com or by contacting customer service located on the back of the Plan Participants identification card.

COPAYMENT

Each Prescription is covered only after the Member pays the applicable Copayment to the Participating Pharmacy. Members will be charged one Copayment for each /30-day supply (two Copayments for subsequent refills of a /90-day supply of Maintenance Medications).

When a Covered Person receives a Prescription in connection with Emergency Care, and is unable to obtain the Prescription from a Participating Pharmacy, the Covered Person should purchase the Prescription at the nearest Pharmacy and submit a prescription claim form for reimbursement. The claim reimbursement will be limited to the Allowable Charge, less the applicable Copayment.

COVERED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

- All drugs, prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by Federal or state law (other than insulin) or any other drugs not covered under this Plan.
- Insulin (and syringes) when prescribed by a Physician.
- Diabetic supplies
- Injectable drugs require prior authorization.
- Coverage of any prescription medication is subject to the Formulary. Note: the Formulary is subject to change throughout the year as new medications, dosages or strengths are added to the market.

BENEFIT LIMITS

- (1) **Contraceptives** coverage is limited to a list of product specific rings, patches, diaphragms and prescribed Generic oral contraceptives, at no cost. At all times, this Plan will comply with the Affordable Care Act. A complete listing of Affordable Care Act women preventative services can be accessed at <http://www.healthcare.gov/news/factsheets/2011/08/womensprevention08012011a.html>.
- (2) **Smoking cessation products** available over the counter and medications prescribed for the treatment of nicotine addiction are subject to the following criteria.
 - (i) Coverage is limited to a 180-day supply per Calendar Year of each of the following products: generic nicotine replacement products (nicotine patch, gum and lozenges), brand Nicotrol (inhaler system), brand Nicotrol NS (nasal spray), brand Chantix and generic Zyban. These referenced Brand Name drugs are only covered until Generic

versions of the same become available. NOTE: All US FDA approved smoking cessation drugs are covered for adults over the age of 18.

(ii) Prescription Drugs and over-the-counter products require a prescription.

- (2) **Quantity-Versus-Time Edits.** Some medications have quantity limitations that are more restrictive than the plan's standard 34-day supply. These are medications that are appropriate for dispensing through an outpatient Pharmacy, but because of their high cost and potential for misuse, should be monitored closely.

Often, Physicians will write open-ended or "as needed" prescriptions for non-addictive pain treatments (such as the migraine-relief medications on this list). This allows the member to decide how much of the prescription to have filled within their 34-day benefit period.

By regulating the quantity that can be obtained each time the prescription is filled and within each 34-day period, the Plan can monitor those cases where the member is getting a quantity that is greater than the manufacturer recommends. This is beneficial information for the prescribing Physician and protects the plan's financial risk.

- (3) **Prior Authorization.** Medications that are expensive, have a high risk for misuse, or whose effectiveness is limited to very specific indications are placed on the Prior Authorization list. Also on the list are medications which cause adverse or harmful reactions, or have been ineffective in the treatment of a particular disease or condition.

To obtain coverage for a medication that requires prior authorization, the prescribing Physician should call (800)753-2851 to submit the Prior Authorization.

EXPENSES NOT COVERED

The following medications and supplies are not covered:

- (1) **Abuse of Medications.** Medications, drugs or substances used in an abusive, destructive or injurious manner are not covered.
- (2) **Administration.** Any charge for the administration of a covered Prescription Drug.
- (3) **Consumed on premises.** Any drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.
- (4) **Cosmetic purposes.** Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids or medications for hair growth or removal.
- (5) **Delivery.** Charges for delivering medications.
- (6) **Devices.** Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription. These include (but are not limited to) therapeutic devices, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device.
- (7) **Durable Medical Equipment.** A charge for Durable Medical Equipment of any type (even though such devices may require a prescription order).

- (8) **Drugs used for cosmetic purposes.** Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids, Retin A or medications for hair growth or removal.
- (9) **Excess refills.** A prescription refill in excess of the quantity specified in the Prescription order, any Prescription refill dispensed after one year from the date of the prescription order, or any refill of a Prescription not authorized by a Physician is not covered.
- (10) **Excessive Use.** Excessive use of medications is not covered. For purposes of this exclusion, the Plan shall be entitled to deny coverage of medications on grounds of excessive use when it is determined (1.) that a Covered Person has exceeded the dosage level, frequency or duration of medications recommended as safe or reasonable by medical literature, standard reference compendia or by the pharmacy benefits manager; or (2.) that a Covered Person has obtained or attempted to obtain the same medication from more than one Physician for the same or overlapping periods of time; or (3.) that the pattern of Prescription purchases, changes of Physicians or Pharmacy or other information indicates that a Covered Person has obtained or sought to obtain excessive quantities of medications. The Plan may communicate with any necessary Physician, health care Provider or Pharmacy for the purpose of reviewing and discussing the Covered Person's Prescription history, use or activity to evaluate for excessive use.
- (11) **Experimental.** Experimental drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Covered Person.
- (12) **Fertility drugs.** Drugs prescribed to enhance fertility.
- (13) **FDA.** Any drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- (14) **Growth hormones.** Coverage of growth hormones requires prior approval.
- (15) **Illegal Use.** Medications for use or intended use of which would be illegal or abusive
- (16) **Injectable drugs.** Injectable medications, unless Prior Approval received from the Plan.
- (17) **Injectable supplies.** A charge for hypodermic syringes and/or needles (other than for insulin).
- (18) **Inpatient medication.** A drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Covered Person, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of drugs and medicines on its premises.
- (19) **Intravenous drugs.** Fluids, solutions, nutrients, or medications (including all additives and chemotherapy) used or intended to be used by intravenous or gastrointestinal (enteral) infusion.
- (20) **Investigational.** A drug or medicine labeled: "Caution - limited by federal law to investigational use".
- (21) **Medical supplies.** Charges for medical supplies such as colostomy supplies, bandages, and similar items.
- (22) **No charge.** A charge for Prescription Drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, state or federal programs.
- (23) **Non-legend drugs.** A charge for FDA-approved drugs that are prescribed for non-FDA-approved uses.

- (24) **No prescription.** A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a written prescription. This does not apply to injectable insulin.
- (25) **Non-participating Pharmacy.** Medications purchased from a non-participating Pharmacy, except in an emergency situation.
- (26) **Not Covered.** Medications used or intended to be used in the treatment of a condition, Sickness, disease, Injury, or bodily malfunction which is not covered by the Plan, or for which benefits have been exhausted.
- (27) **Not Medically Necessary.** Medications which are not Medically Necessary.
- (28) **Refills.** Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.
- (29) **Sexual enhancement medications.** Medications used for the treatment of sexual enhancement, including but not limited to medications for erectile dysfunction, are not covered regardless of the reason(s) for the sexual dysfunction.
- (30) **Vitamins.** Vitamins or food/nutrient supplements except those which are Prescription Medications.
- (31) **Weight Loss.** A charge for appetite suppressants or medications prescribed and dispensed for the treatment of obesity, or for use in any program of weight reduction, weight loss, or dietary control.

HOW TO SUBMIT A CLAIM

Benefits under this Plan shall be paid only if the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, interprets the Plan to provide such benefits to the Covered Person.

Following is a description of how the Plan processes claims for benefits and reviews the appeal of any claim that is denied. The terms used in this section are defined below.

A "Claim" is defined as any request for a Plan benefit, made by a claimant or by a representative of a claimant, which complies with the Plan's reasonable procedure for filing claims and making benefit claims determinations.

A "Claim" does not include a request for a determination of an individual's eligibility to participate in the Plan.

If a Claim is denied, in whole or in part, or if Plan coverage is rescinded retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the denial is known as an "Adverse Benefit Determination."

A claimant has the right to request a review of an Adverse Benefit Determination. This request is an "Appeal." If the Claim is denied at the end of the Appeal process, as described below, the Plan's final decision is known as a "Final Adverse Benefit Determination." If the claimant receives notice of a Final Adverse Benefit Determination, or if the Plan does not follow the Appeal procedures properly, the claimant then has the right to request an independent external review. The External Review procedures are described later in this section.

Both the Claims and the Appeal procedures are intended to provide a full and fair review. This means, among other things, that Claims and Appeals will be decided in a manner designed to ensure the independence and impartiality of the persons involved in making these decisions.

A claimant must follow all Claims and Appeal procedures both internal and external, before he or she can file a lawsuit. If a lawsuit is brought, it must be filed within two years after the final determination of an Appeal.

Any of the authority and responsibilities of the Plan Administrator under the Claims and Appeal Procedures or the External Review Process, including the discretionary authority to interpret the terms of the Plan, may be delegated to a third party. If a Covered Person has any questions regarding these procedures, they may contact the Plan Administrator.

There are different kinds of Claims and each one has a specific timetable for each step in the review process. Upon receipt of the Claim, the Claims Administrator must decide whether to approve or deny the Claim. The Claims Administrator's notification to the claimant of its decision must be made as shown in the timetable. However, if the Claim has not been filed properly, or if it is incomplete, or if there are other matters beyond the control of the Claims Administrator, the claimant may be notified that the period for providing the notification will need to be extended. If the period is extended because the Claims Administrator needs more information from the claimant, the claimant must provide the requested information within the time shown on the timetable. Once the Claim is complete, the Claims Administrator must make its decision as shown in the timetable. If the Claim is denied, in whole or in part, the claimant has the right to file an Appeal. Then the Plan Administrator must decide the Appeal and, if the Appeal is denied, provide notice to the claimant within the time periods shown on the timetable. The time periods shown in the timetable begin at the time the Claim or Appeal is filed in accordance with the Plan's procedures. Decisions will be made within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the circumstances, but within the maximum time periods listed in the timetables. Unless otherwise noted, "days" means calendar days.

The definitions of the types of Claims are:

Urgent Care Claim

A Claim involving Urgent Care is any Claim for medical care or treatment where the Plan conditions receipt of benefits, in whole or in part, on approval in advance of obtaining the care or treatment, and using the timetable for a non-urgent care determination could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant; or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function; or in the opinion of the attending or consulting Physician, would subject the claimant to severe pain that could not be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the Claim.

A Physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition may determine if a Claim is one involving Urgent Care. If there is no such Physician, an individual acting on behalf of the Plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine may make the determination.

In the case of a Claim involving Urgent Care, the following timetable applies:

Notification to claimant of Claim determination 72 hours

Insufficient information on the Claim, or failure to follow the Plan's procedure for filing a Claim:

Notification to claimant, orally or in writing 24 hours

Response by claimant, orally or in writing 48 hours

Benefit determination, orally or in writing 48 hours

Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal 72 hours

If there is an Adverse Benefit Determination on a Claim involving Urgent Care, a request for an expedited Appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by the claimant. All necessary information, including the Plan's benefit determination on review, may be transmitted between the Plan and the claimant by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious method. Alternatively, the claimant may request an expedited review under the External Review Process.

Concurrent Care Claims

A Concurrent Care Claim is a special type of Claim that arises if the Plan informs a claimant that benefits for a course of treatment that has been previously approved for a period of time or number of treatments is to be reduced or eliminated. In that case, the Plan must notify the claimant sufficiently in advance of the effective date of the reduction or elimination of treatment to allow the claimant to file an Appeal. This rule does not apply if benefits are reduced or eliminated due to Plan amendment or termination. A similar process applies for Claims based on a rescission of coverage for fraud or misrepresentation.

In the case of a Concurrent Care Claim, the following timetable applies:

Notification to claimant of benefit reduction Sufficiently prior to scheduled termination of course of treatment to allow claimant to appeal

Notification to claimant of rescission 30 days

Notification of determination on Appeal of Urgent Care Claims.....	24 hours (provided claimant files Appeal more than 24 hours prior to scheduled termination of course of treatment)
Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal for non-Urgent Claims.....	15 days
Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal for Rescission Claims	30 days

Pre-Service Claim

A Pre-Service Claim means any Claim for a benefit under this Plan where the Plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval in advance of obtaining medical care. These are, for example, Claims subject to Predetermination of Benefits, pre-certification or mandatory second opinions. Please see the Cost Management section of this booklet for further information about Pre-Service Claims.

In the case of a Pre-Service Claim, the following timetable applies:

Notification to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determination	15 days
Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan.....	15 days
Insufficient information on the Claim:	
Notification of	15 days
Response by claimant.....	45 days
Notification, orally or in writing, of failure to follow the Plan’s procedures for filing a Claim	5 days
Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal.....	30 day
Reduction or termination before the end of the treatment	15 days
Request to extend course of treatment	15 days

Post-Service Claim

A Post-Service Claim means any Claim for a Plan benefit that is not a Claim involving Urgent Care or a Pre-Service Claim; in other words, a Claim that is a request for payment under the Plan for medical services already received by the claimant.

In the case of a Post-Service Claim, the following timetable applies:

Notification to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determination	30 days
Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan.....	15 days
Extension due to insufficient information on the Claim	15 days

Response by claimant following notice
of insufficient information 45 days

Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal..... 60 days

Notice to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a Claim is denied in whole or in part, the denial is considered to be an Adverse Benefit Determination. Except with Urgent Care Claims, when the notification may be oral followed by written or electronic notification within three days of the oral notification, the Claims Administrator shall provide written or electronic notification of the Adverse Benefit Determination. The notice will state in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner and in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant:

- (1) Information sufficient to allow the claimant to identify the Claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
- (2) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any that was used in denying the Claim.
- (3) Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the determination was based.
- (4) A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the Claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary.
- (5) A description of the Plan's internal and external Appeal procedures, incorporating any voluntary appeal procedures offered by the Plan. This description will include information on how to initiate the Appeal and the time limits applicable to such procedures. This will include a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under section 502 of ERISA following a Final Adverse Benefit Determination.
- (6) If the Adverse Benefit Determination was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the Adverse Benefit Determination and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.
- (7) If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on the Medical Necessity or Experimental or Investigational treatment or similar exclusion or limit, an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided free of charge, upon request.
- (8) Information about the availability of and contact information for, any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist individuals with the internal claims and appeals and external review process.

PREFERRED PAYMENT PLAN AND HOSPITAL REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS

The Plan participates in the Preferred Payment Plan (PPP) and the Hospital Reimbursement Program (HRP) with BlueAdvantage Administrators of Arkansas. Participating Providers agree to accept the allowances of BlueAdvantage Administrators of Arkansas and not charge the Covered Person more than that amount. No Assignment of Benefits by the Covered Person shall be valid until approved and accepted by the Claims Administrator. The Claims Administrator reserves the right to make payment of benefits, in its sole discretion, directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Preferred Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-Preferred Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person

A list of participating Providers is available on the web at www.blueadvantagearkansas.com.

The Claim Process

This Plan uses a direct claims administration system. Under this approach, the PPP or HRP Provider submits the claims directly to the Claims Administrator.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Preferred Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-Preferred Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person

PREFERRED PROVIDER ORGANIZATION (PPO)

The Plan participates in a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO). Participating Providers agree to accept the PPO allowances and not charge the Covered Person more than that amount.

No Assignment of Benefits by the Covered Person shall be valid until approved and accepted by the Claims Administrator. The Claims Administrator reserves the right to make payment of benefits, in its sole discretion, directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by PPO Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-PPO Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person.

A list of participating Providers is available on the web at www.blueadvantagearkansas.com.

The Claim Process

The Plan uses a direct claims administration system. Under this approach, the PPO Provider submits the claims directly to the Claims Administrator.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by PPO Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless

the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-PPO Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person.

BLUECARD® PROGRAM

Out-of-Arkansas Services. The Health Plan participates in a variety of relationships with other Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Licensees referred to generally as “Inter-Plan Programs.” Whenever a Covered Person obtains health care services outside of the State of Arkansas (“the service area”), the claims for these services may be processed through one of these Inter-Plan Programs, which include the BlueCard Program and may include negotiated National Account arrangements available between the Health Plan and other Blue Cross and Blue Shield Licensees.

Typically, when accessing care outside the service area, a Covered Person will obtain care from health care Providers that have a contractual agreement (i.e., are “participating Providers”) with the local Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Licensee in that other geographic area (“Host Blue”). In some instances, a Covered Person may obtain care from nonparticipating health care Providers. The Health Plan’s practices for consideration of payment in both instances are described below.

- (1) BlueCard® Program.
 - (a) Under the BlueCard® Program, when a Covered Person accesses covered health care services within the geographic area served by a Host Blue, the Health Plan will remain responsible for fulfilling its contractual obligations. However, the Host Blue is responsible for contracting with and generally handling all interactions with its participating health care Providers. Whenever a Covered Person accesses covered health care services outside the service area and the claim is processed through the BlueCard Program, the amount a Covered Person pays for covered health care services is calculated based on the lower of:
 - The billed Covered Charges for the covered services; or
 - The negotiated price that the Host Blue makes available to the Health Plan.
 - (b) Often, this “negotiated price” will be a simple discount that reflects an actual price that the Host Blue pays to the health care Provider. Sometimes, it is an estimated price that takes into account special arrangements with the health care Provider or Provider group that may include types of settlements, incentive payments, and/or other credits or charges. Occasionally, it may be an average price, based on a discount that results in expected average savings for similar types of health care Providers after taking into account the same types of transactions as with an estimated price.
 - (c) Estimated pricing and average pricing, going forward, also take into account adjustments to correct for over- or underestimation of modifications of past pricing for the types of transaction modifications noted above. However, such adjustments will not affect the price used for a Covered Person’s claim because the adjustments will not be applied retroactively to claims already paid.
 - (d) Laws in a small number of states may require the Host Blue to add a surcharge to the calculation. If any state laws mandate other liability calculation methods, including a surcharge, the Health Plan would then calculate the Covered Person’s liability for any covered health care services according to applicable law.

(2) Non-Participating Health Care Providers Outside the Service Area

- (a) When covered health care services are provided outside of the service area by non-participating health care Providers, the amount a Covered Person pays for such services will generally be based on either the Host Blue’s nonparticipating health care Provider local payment or the pricing arrangements required by applicable state law. In these situations, a Covered Person may be liable for the difference between the amount that the non-participating health care Provider bills and any payment made for the covered services as set forth in this paragraph.
- (b) In certain situations, the Health Plan may use other payment bases, such as billed Covered Charges, the payment the Health Plan would make if the health care services had been obtained within the service area, or a special negotiated payment, as permitted under Inter-Plan Programs Policies, to determine the amount the Health Plan will pay for services rendered by nonparticipating health care Providers. In these situations, a Covered Person may be liable for the difference between the amount that the non-participating health care Provider bills and the payment the Health Plan will make for the covered services as set forth in this paragraph

BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD GLOBAL CORE

If the Covered Person is outside the United States (hereinafter “BlueCard service area”), they may be able to take advantage of Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core when accessing Covered Services. Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core is unlike the BlueCard Program available in the BlueCard service area in certain ways. For instance, although Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core assists individuals with accessing a network of inpatient, outpatient and professional Providers, the network is not served by a Host Blue. As such, when a Covered Person receives care from Providers outside the BlueCard service area, they will typically have to pay the Provider directly. If a Covered Person needs medical assistance services (including locating a doctor or hospital) outside the BlueCard service area, they may contact customer service at the number on the back of their health plan identification card or additional information can be found at www.bcbsglobalcore.com.

- (a) **Inpatient Services.** In most cases, if the Covered Person contacts Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core for assistance, Hospitals will not require a Covered Person to pay for covered inpatient services, except for applicable cost-share amounts (deductibles, coinsurance, etc.). In such cases, the Hospital will submit claims to the service center to begin claims processing. However, if the Covered Person paid in full at the time of service, they must submit a claim to receive a benefit determination. Contact the Claims Administrator to obtain prior approval for non-emergency inpatient services.
- (b) **Outpatient Services.** Physicians, urgent care centers and other outpatient Providers located outside the BlueCard service area will typically require the Covered Person to pay in full at the time of service. A claim must be submitted to receive a benefit determination.
- (c) **Submitting a Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core Claim.** When the Covered Person pays for services outside the BlueCard service area, a claim must be submitted to receive a benefit determination. For institutional and professional claims, a Blue Cross Blue Shield Global Core claim form should be completed and sent with the Provider’s itemized bill(s) to the service center (the address is on the form) to initiate claims processing. Following the instructions on the claim form will help ensure timely processing of the claim. The claim form is available from the service center or online at www.bcbsglobalcore.com.

ALL OTHER PROVIDERS

When a Covered Person has a Claim to submit for payment that person must:

- Obtain a Claim form from the Personnel Office or the Plan Administrator.
- Complete the Employee portion of the form. **ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED.**
- Have the Physician complete the Provider's portion of the form. For Plan reimbursements, attach bills for services rendered. **ALL BILLS MUST SHOW:**

Name of Plan
Employee's name
Name of patient
Name, address, telephone number of the Provider of care
Diagnosis
Type of services rendered, with diagnosis and/or procedure codes
Date of services
Charges

Send the above to the Claims Administrator at this address:

BlueAdvantage Administrators of Arkansas
P.O. Box 1460
Little Rock, Arkansas
72203

WHEN CLAIMS SHOULD BE FILED

The Plan has established and will enforce a 180-day timely filing deadline for all claims for benefits under the Plan, meaning that the Covered Person, the treating Provider, or an Authorized Representative acting on the Covered Person's behalf, must submit the claim to the Claims Administrator within 180 days from the date of service. However, In-Network Providers must submit claims within the time limits provided in their applicable provider contract, if shorter than 180 days. Claims are not payable if they are not submitted to the Claims Administrator within the applicable time limit.

The Claims Administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim. If not, more information may be requested from the claimant. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

EXPLANATION OF BENEFITS (EOB)

A request for Plan benefits will be considered a claim for Plan benefits, and it will be subject to a full and fair review. A Plan Participant will be notified within 90 days of receipt of the claim as to the acceptance or denial of a claim and if not notified within 90 days, the claim shall be deemed denied. Upon making a determination of a claim, the Claims Administrator will deliver to the Covered Person an Explanation of Benefit Determination (EOB) containing the following information:

- (1) the specific reason or reasons for the determination;
- (2) specific reference to those Plan provisions on which the denial is based;

- (3) a description of any additional information or material necessary to correct the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary; and
- (4) appropriate information as to the steps to be taken if a Plan Participant wishes to submit the claim for review.

If special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim, the Claims Administrator shall send written notice of the extension to the Plan Participant. The extension notice will indicate the special circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render the final decision on the claim. In no event will the extension exceed a period of 90 days from the end of the initial 90-day period.

CLAIMS REVIEW PROCEDURE

The Plan Participant will receive an EOB explaining the claim determination, and if applicable, the reason or reasons for any denial or reduction of benefits. In cases where a claim for benefits payment is denied or reduced in whole or in part, the Plan Participant or the Authorized Representative may request an informal claim review.

In a situation where the determination, after informal review, remains adverse, the Plan Participant or the Authorized Representative may request an appeal of the denial. This appeal provision will allow the Plan Participant to:

- (1) Request from the Plan Administrator a review of any claim for benefits. Such request must include: the name of the Employee, his or her Social Security number, the name of the patient and the Group Identification Number, if any.
- (2) File the request for review in writing, stating in clear and concise terms the reason or reasons for this disagreement with the handling of the claim.

The request for review must be directed to the Plan Administrator or Claims Administrator within 180 days after the claim payment date or the date of the notification of denial of benefits.

A review of the denial will be made by the Plan Administrator and the Plan Administrator will provide the Plan Participant with a written response within 60 days of the date the Plan Administrator receives the Plan Participant's written request for review and if not notified, the Plan Participant may deem the claim denied. If, because of extenuating circumstances, the Plan Administrator is unable to complete the review process within 60 days, the Plan Administrator shall notify the Plan Participant of the delay within the 60-day period and shall provide a final written response to the request for review within 120 days of the date the Plan Administrator received the Plan Participant's written request for review.

The Plan Administrator's written response to the Plan Participant shall cite the specific Plan provision(s) upon which the denial is based.

A Plan Participant must exhaust the claims appeal procedure before filing a suit for benefits. If a lawsuit is brought, it must be filed within two years after the final determination of an appeal.

The following describes the informal review and appeals processes:

- (1) **Informal Claim Review.**
Requests for review may be submitted in writing, email, or by telephone to the Claims Administrator. The request should provide the patient's name, Plan identification number and the specific claim(s) to be reviewed. Additional relevant documentation may also be provided to the

Claims Administrator to assist in the review. A request for an informal claim review must be submitted within 180 days after notice is received of the denial or reduction in benefits.

A determination shall be rendered with a reasonable period of time, but notification of the determination will be provided not later than 60 days after received.

If the review is in regard to a Pre-Service Claim, response will be provided within 30 days of received.

If the review is in regard to an Urgent Care Pre-Service Claim, response will be provided within 24 hours of receipt.

(2) Appeals

When a claimant receives notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination, the claimant generally has 180 days following receipt of the notification in which to file a written request for an Appeal of the decision. However, for Concurrent Care Claims, the Claimant must file the Appeal prior to the scheduled reduction or termination of treatment. For a claim based on rescission of coverage, the claimant must file the Appeal within 30 days. A claimant may submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the Claim.

If the claimant so requests, he or she will be provided, free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claim. The Plan Administrator shall provide the claimant, as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the time within which a final determination on Appeal is required to allow the claimant time to respond, any new or additional evidence that is relied upon, considered or generated by or at the direction of the Plan. This evidence shall be provided free of charge.

A document, record, or other information shall be considered relevant to a Claim if it:

- (a) was relied upon in making the benefit determination;
- (b) was submitted, considered, or generated in the course of making the benefit determination, without regard to whether it was relied upon in making the benefit determination;
- (c) demonstrated compliance with the administrative processes and safeguards designed to ensure and to verify that benefit determinations are made in accordance with Plan documents and Plan provisions have been applied consistently with respect to all claimants; or
- (d) constituted a statement of policy or guidance with respect to the Plan concerning the denied treatment option or benefit.

The period of time within which a benefit determination on Appeal is required to be made shall begin at the time an Appeal is filed in writing in accordance with the procedures of the Plan. This timing is without regard to whether all the necessary information accompanies the filing.

Before the Plan Administrator issues its Final Adverse Benefit Determination based on a new or additional rationale, the claimant must be provided, free of charge, with a copy of the rationale. The rationale must be provided as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the time within which a final determination on Appeal is required to allow the claimant time to respond.

The review shall take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information

submitted by the claimant relating to the Claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. The review will not afford deference to the initial Adverse Benefit Determination and will be conducted by a fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse determination nor a subordinate of that individual.

If the determination was based on a medical judgment, including determinations with regard to whether a particular treatment, drug, or other item is Experimental, Investigational, or not Medically Necessary or appropriate, the fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who was not involved in the original benefit determination. This health care professional will have appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. Additionally, medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with the initial determination will be identified.

If the Appeal of a Claim is denied, in whole or in part, the Plan Administrator shall provide written notification of the Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal. The notice will state, in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant:

- (a) Information sufficient to allow the claimant to identify the Claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
- (b) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the Claim.
- (c) Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the determination was based.
- (d) A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the Claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary.
- (e) A description of the Plan's internal and external review procedures, incorporating any voluntary appeal procedures offered by the Plan and the time limits applicable to such procedures. This will include a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under section 502 of ERISA following an Adverse Benefit Determination on review.
- (f) A statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claim.
- (g) If the Adverse Benefit Determination was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the Adverse Benefit Determination and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.
- (h) If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on the Medical Necessity or Experimental or Investigational treatment or similar exclusion or limit, an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided free of charge, upon request.
- (i) Information about the availability of and contact information for, any applicable office of

health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist individuals with the internal claims and appeals and external review process.

EXTERNAL REVIEW PROCESS

If a claimant's appeal of a claim benefit determination is denied, he or she may be entitled to request and receive an external review by an independent review organization ("IRO").

In order to be eligible for external review, the following conditions must apply:

- (1) The claimant must submit a request for external review in writing to the Claims Administrator within 125 days after he or she receives notice of the denial of the appeal. External review requests submitted more than 125 days after a claimant receives notice of denial of the appeal will be denied for lack of timely submission; and
- (2) The claimant must have been eligible for coverage under the Plan at the time the services in question were or will be provided and;
- (3) The denial of the claim must not be based on the claimant's failure to meet the Plan's eligibility requirements; and
- (4) The claimant must have completed the appeals process set forth under the Plan; and
- (5) The claimant must have provided all information or forms required by the Plan or its Claims Administrator in order to process an external review request; and
- (6) The denial of the claim must be based on a medical judgment, which may include but is not limited to questions of medical necessity, medical appropriateness or safety of treatment or care, appropriateness of health care setting, or medical effectiveness of a treatment, service or covered benefit.

Upon submission to the Plan Administrator of a written request for external review, the Plan Administrator will review the request to determine whether the conditions outlined above are met. Within one business day after completion of this preliminary review, the Plan Administrator will provide the claimant written notification of whether the external review request satisfies the conditions for external review, including a description of any additional information or materials necessary to complete the external review request.

If the Plan Administrator notifies the claimant that the request is not complete, the claimant will have 48 hours or until the last day of the 125-day filing period, whichever is later, to submit the additional information.

If the claimant's request satisfies the conditions for external review, the Plan Administrator will refer the request to a qualified independent review organization. The IRO will then be responsible for notifying the claimant, in writing, that the request for external review has been accepted. The IRO's notice should include a statement that the claimant may submit in writing, within 10 business days, any additional information that the claimant wishes the IRO to consider when conducting the review. The IRO will share this information with the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may consider this information and decide to reverse the denial of the claim. If the denial is reversed, the external review process will end.

If the Plan Administrator does not reverse the denial, the IRO will make its decision on the basis of its review of all of the information in the record, as well as additional information where appropriate and available, such as:

- (1) The claimant's medical records as available and relevant;
- (2) The attending health care professional's recommendation;
- (3) Reports from appropriate health care professionals and other documents submitted by the claimant, by the Plan, by the Claims Administrator or by the claimant's treating Provider;
- (4) The terms of the Plan;
- (5) Appropriate practice guidelines;
- (6) Any applicable clinical review criteria developed and used by the Plan; and
- (7) The opinion of the IRO's clinical reviewer.

The IRO must provide written notice to the claimant and the Plan of its final decision within 45 days after the IRO receives the request for the external review. The IRO's decision notice should contain:

- (1) A general description of the reason for the external review, including information sufficient to identify the claim;
- (2) The date the IRO received the assignment to conduct the review and the date of the IRO's decision;
- (3) References to the evidence or documentation the IRO considered in reaching its decision;
- (4) A discussion of the principal reason(s) for the IRO's decision;
- (5) A statement that the determination is binding and that judicial review may be available to the claimant; and
- (6) Contact information for any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under federal law.

Expedited External Review

Generally, as noted above, the claimant must first complete the Plan's appeals process before requesting and receiving an external review of a claim denial. However, in some cases the Plan provides for an expedited external review of a claim denial if:

- (1) A claimant submits a written request to the Plan Administrator specifically requesting expedited external review; and
- (2) The time required to complete the Plan's appeals process would seriously jeopardize the claimant's life or health or ability to regain maximum function; or
- (3) The time to complete the Plan's standard external review process would seriously jeopardize the claimant's life or health or ability to regain maximum function, or if the claim denial in dispute concerns a Hospital admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which a claimant received emergency services, but has not been discharged from a facility.

Immediately upon receipt of a request for expedited external review, the Claims Administrator will undertake to determine and notify the claimant whether the request satisfies the requirements for expedited external review, including the conditions for external review listed above. If the request qualifies for expedited external

review, it will be assigned to an IRO. The IRO must make its determination and provide a notice of the decision as expeditiously as the claimant's medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72 hours after the IRO received the request for an expedited external review. If the original notice of its decision is not in writing, the IRO must provide written confirmation of the decision within 48 hours to both the claimant and the Plan Administrator.

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

One Authorized Representative. A Covered Person may have one representative, and only one representative at a time, to assist in submitting a claim or appealing an Adverse Benefit Determination.

Authority of Authorized Representative. An Authorized Representative shall have the authority to represent the Covered Person in all matters concerning the Covered Person's claim or appeal of a claim determination. If the Covered Person has an Authorized Representative, references to "Covered Person" in the provision of this document entitled "How to Submit a Claim" refer to the Authorized Representative.

Designation of Authorized Representative. Except to the extent mandated by the U.S. Department of Labor claims rules in the case of a treating health care professionals and urgent care claims, the Plan does not permit appeals on the Covered Person's behalf by any other person or entity not properly designated as an "authorized representative" in the manner specified in this section.

One of the following persons may act as a Covered Person's Authorized Representative:

- (1) An individual designated by the Covered Person in writing in a form approved by the Claims Administrator. A "Designation of Authorized Appeal Representative" form is available from the Claims Administrator or the Plan Administrator;
- (2) The treating Provider, if the claim is a claim involving urgent care, or if the Covered Person has designated the Provider in writing in a form approved by the Claims Administrator. A "Designation of Authorized Appeal Representative" form is available from the Claims Administrator or the Plan Administrator;
- (3) A person holding the Covered Person's durable power of attorney;
- (4) If the Covered Person is incapacitated due to Illness or Injury, a person appointed as guardian to have care and custody of the Covered Person by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (5) If the Covered Person is a minor, the Covered Person's parent or Legal Guardian, unless the Claims Administrator is notified that the Covered Person's claim involves health care services where the consent of the Covered Person's parent or Legal Guardian is or was not required by law and the Covered Person shall represent himself or herself with respect to the claim.

Term of the Authorized Representative. The authority of an Authorized Representative shall continue for the period specified in the Covered Person's appointment of the Authorized Representative or until the Covered Person is legally competent to represent him or herself and notifies the Claims Administrator in writing that the Authorized Representative is no longer required.

Communication with Authorized Representative.

- (1) If the Authorized Representative represents the Covered Person because the Authorized Representative is the Covered Person's parent or Legal Guardian or attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney, the Claims Administrator shall send all correspondence, notices and benefit determinations in connection with the Covered Person's claim to the Authorized Representative.
- (2) If the Authorized Representative represents the Covered Person in connection with the submission of a pre-service claim, including a claim involving urgent care, or in connection with an appeal, the Claims Administrator shall send all correspondence, notices and benefit determinations in connection with the Covered Person's claim to the Authorized Representative.
- (3) If the Authorized Representative represents the Covered Person in connection with the submission of a post-service claim, the Claims Administrator will send all correspondence, notices and benefit determinations in connection with the Covered Person's claim to the Covered Person, but the Claims Administrator will provide copies of such correspondence to the Authorized Representative upon request.
- (4) The Covered Person understands that it will take the Claims Administrator at least 30 days to notify all its personnel about the termination of the Covered Person's Authorized Representative and it is possible that the Claims Administrator may communicate information about the Covered Person to the Authorized Representative during this 34-day period.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the benefit plans. Coordination of benefits sets out rules for the order of payment of Covered Charges when two or more plans -- including Medicare -- are paying. When a Covered Person is covered by this Plan and another plan, or the Covered Person's Spouse is covered by this Plan and by another plan or the couple's Covered children are covered under two or more plans, the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

The plan that pays first according to the rules will pay as if there were no other plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Allowable Charges.

Benefit plan. This provision will coordinate the medical benefits of a benefit plan. The term benefit plan means this Plan or any one of the following plans:

- (1) Group or group-type plans, including franchise or blanket benefit plans.
- (2) Blue Cross and Blue Shield group plans.
- (3) Group practice and other group prepayment plans.
- (4) Federal government plans or programs. This includes, but is not limited to, Medicare and Tricare.
- (5) Other plans required or provided by law. This does not include Medicaid or any benefit plan like it that, by its terms, does not allow coordination.
- (6) No Fault Auto Insurance, by whatever name it is called, when not prohibited by law.

Eligible Charge. For a charge to be eligible it must be an Allowable Charge and at least part of it must be covered under this Plan.

In the case of HMO (Health Maintenance Organization) or other in-network only plans: This Plan will not consider any charges in excess of what an HMO or network Provider has agreed to accept as payment in full.

In the case of service type plans where services are provided as benefits, the reasonable cash value of each service will be the Allowable Charge.

Automobile limitations. When medical payments are available under vehicle insurance, the Plan shall always be considered the secondary carrier regardless of the individual's election under PIP (personal Injury protection) coverage with the auto carrier.

Benefit plan payment order. When two or more plans provide benefits for the same Allowable Charge, benefit payment will follow these rules:

- (1) Plans that do not have a coordination provision, or one like it, will pay first. Plans with such a provision will be considered after those without one.
- (2) Plans with a coordination provision will pay their benefits up to the Allowable Charge:
 - (a) The benefits of the plan which covers the person directly (that is, as an employee, member or subscriber) ("Plan A") are determined before those of the plan which covers the person as a dependent ("Plan B").

- (b) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers that person as a laid-off or Retired Employee. The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers a person as a Dependent of a laid off or Retired Employee. If the other benefit plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule does not apply.
- (c) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired or a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a plan which covers the person as a COBRA beneficiary.
- (d) When a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are not separated or divorced, these rules will apply:
 - (i) The benefits of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in a year are determined before those of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls later in that year;
 - (ii) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the benefit plan which has covered the parent for the longer time are determined before those of the benefit plan which covers the other parent.
- (e) When a child's parents are divorced or legally separated, these rules will apply:
 - (i) This rule applies when the parent with custody of the child has not remarried. The benefit plan of the parent with custody will be considered before the benefit plan of the parent without custody.
 - (ii) This rule applies when the parent with custody of the child has remarried. The benefit plan of the parent with custody will be considered first. The benefit plan of the stepparent that covers the child as a Dependent will be considered next. The benefit plan of the parent without custody will be considered last.
 - (iii) This rule will be in place of items (i) and (ii) above when it applies. A court decree may state which parent is financially responsible for medical and dental benefits of the child. In this case, the benefit plan of that parent will be considered before other plans that cover the child as a Dependent.
 - (iv) If the specific terms of the court decree state that the parents shall share joint custody, without stating that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses of the child, the plans covering the child shall follow the order of benefit determination rules outlined above when a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are not separated or divorced.
 - (v) For parents who were never married to each other, the rules apply as set out above as long as paternity has been established.
- (f) If there is still a conflict after these rules have been applied, the benefit plan which has covered the patient for the longer time will be considered first. When there is a conflict in coordination of benefit rules, the Plan will never pay more than 50% of Allowable Charges when paying secondary.

- (3) Medicare will pay primary, secondary or last to the extent stated in federal law. When Medicare is to be the primary payer, this Plan will base its payment upon benefits that would have been paid by Medicare under Parts A and B regardless of whether or not the person was enrolled under any of these parts.
- (4) If a Plan Participant is under a disability extension from a previous benefit plan, that benefit plan will pay first and this Plan will pay second.
- (5) The Plan will pay primary to Tricare and a State child health plan to the extent required by federal law.

Claims determination period. Benefits will be coordinated on a Calendar Year basis. This is called the claims determination period.

Right to receive or release necessary information. To make this provision work, this Plan may give or obtain needed information from another insurer or any other organization or person. This information may be given or obtained without the consent of or notice to any other person. A Covered Person will give this Plan the information it asks for about other plans and their payment of Allowable Charges.

Facility of payment. This Plan may repay other plans for benefits paid that the Plan Administrator determines it should have paid. That repayment will count as a valid payment under this Plan.

Right of recovery. This Plan may pay benefits that should be paid by another benefit plan. In this case this Plan may recover the amount paid from the other benefit plan or the Covered Person. That repayment will count as a valid payment under the other benefit plan.

Further, this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid.

Exception to Medicaid. In accordance with ERISA, the Plan shall not take into consideration the fact that an individual is eligible for or is provided medical assistance through Medicaid when enrolling an individual in the Plan or making a determination about the payments for benefits received by a Covered Person under the Plan.

THIRD PARTY RECOVERY PROVISION

Reimbursement

This section applies when a Covered Person, or the legal representative, estate or heirs of the Covered Person (sometimes collectively referred to as the “Covered Person”) recovers damages, by settlement, verdict or otherwise, for an Injury, Sickness or other condition. If the Covered Person has made, or in the future may make, such a recovery, including a recovery from any insurance carrier, the Plan will not cover either the reasonable value of the services to treat such an Injury or Illness or the treatment of such an Injury or Illness. These benefits are specifically excluded.

However, if the Plan does advance moneys or provide care for such an Injury, Sickness or other condition, the Covered Person shall promptly convey moneys or other property from any settlement, arbitration award, verdict or any insurance proceeds or monetary recovery from any party received by the Covered Person (or by the legal representative, estate or heirs of the Covered Person), to the Plan for the reasonable value of the medical benefits advanced or provided by the Plan to the Covered Person, regardless of whether or not [1] the Covered Person has been fully compensated, or “made-whole” for his/her loss; [2] liability for payment is admitted by the Covered Person or any other party; or [3] the recovery by the Covered Person is itemized or called anything other than a recovery for medical expenses incurred.

If a recovery is made, the Plan shall have first priority in payment over the Covered Person, or any other party, to receive reimbursement of the benefits advanced on the Covered Person’s behalf. This reimbursement shall be from any recovery made by the Covered Person, and includes, but is not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage, any No-Fault Auto Insurance, medical payment coverage (auto, homeowners or otherwise), workers’ compensation settlement, compromises or awards, other group insurance (including student plans), and direct recoveries from liable parties.

In order to secure the rights of the Plan under this section, and because of the Plan’s advancement of benefits, the Covered Person hereby [1] acknowledges that the Plan shall have first priority against proceeds of any such settlement, arbitration award, verdict, or any other amounts received by the Covered Person; and [2] assigns the Plan any benefits the Covered Person may have under any automobile policy or other coverage, to the extent of the Plan’s claim for reimbursement. The Covered Person shall sign and deliver, at the request of the Plan or its agents, any documents needed to protect such priority or reimbursement right, or to effect such assignment of benefits. By accepting any benefits advanced by the Plan under this section, the Covered Person acknowledges that any proceeds of settlement or judgment, including a Covered Person’s claim to such proceeds held by another person, held by the Covered Person or by another, are being held for the benefit of the Plan under these provisions.

The Covered Person shall cooperate with the Plan and its agents, and shall sign and deliver such documents as the Plan or its agents reasonably request to protect the Plan’s right of reimbursement, provide any relevant information, and take such actions as the Plan or its agents reasonably request to assist the Plan making a full recovery of the reasonable value of the benefits provided. The Covered Person shall not take any action that prejudices the Plan’s rights of reimbursement and consents to the right of the Plan, by and through its agent, to impress an equitable lien or constructive trust on the proceeds of any settlement to enforce the Plan’s rights under this section, and/or to set off from any future benefits otherwise payable under the Plan the value of benefits advanced under this section to the extent not recovered by the Plan.

The Plan shall be responsible only for those legal fees and expenses to which it agrees in writing. No Covered Person hereunder shall incur any expenses on behalf of the Plan in pursuit of the Plan’s rights hereunder. Specifically, no court costs or attorney’s fees may be deducted from the Plan’s recovery without the express written consent of the Plan. Any so-called “Fund Doctrine” or “Common Fund Doctrine” or “Attorney’s Fund Doctrine” shall not defeat this right.

The Plan shall recover the full amount of benefits advanced and paid hereunder, without regard to any claim or fault on the part of any beneficiary of Covered Person, whether under comparative negligence or otherwise.

Subrogation

This section applies when another party is, or may be considered, liable for a Covered Person's Injury, Sickness or other condition (including insurance carriers who are so financially liable) and the Plan has advanced benefits.

In consideration for the advancement of benefits, the Plan is subrogated to all of the rights of the Covered Person against any party liable for the Covered Person's Injury or Illness, or is or may be liable for the payment for the medical treatment of such Injury or occupational Illness (including any insurance carrier), to the extent of the value of the medical benefits advanced to the Covered Person under the Plan. The Plan may assert this right independently of the Covered Person. This right includes, but is not limited to, the Covered Person's rights under uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage, any No-Fault Auto Insurance, medical payment coverage (auto, homeowners or otherwise), workers' compensation coverage, or other insurance, as well as the Covered Person's rights under the Plan to bring an action to clarify his or her rights under the Plan. The Plan is not obligated in any way to pursue this right independently or on behalf of the Covered Person, but may choose to pursue its rights to reimbursement under the Plan, at its sole discretion.

The Covered Person is obligated to cooperate with the Plan and its agents in order to protect the Plan's subrogation rights. Cooperation means providing the Plan or its agents with any relevant information requested by them, signing and delivering such documents as the Plan or its agents reasonably request to secure the Plan's subrogation claim, and obtaining the consent of the Plan or its agents before releasing any party from liability for payment of medical expenses.

If the Covered Person enters into litigation or settlement negotiations regarding the obligations of other parties, the Covered Person must not prejudice, in any way, the subrogation rights of the Plan under this section. In the event that the Covered Person fails to cooperate with this provision, including executing any documents required herein, the Plan may, in addition to remedies provided elsewhere in the Plan and/or under the law, set off from any future benefits otherwise payable under the Plan the value of benefits advanced under this section to the extent not recovered by the Plan.

The costs of legal representation of the Plan in matters related to subrogation shall be borne solely by the Plan. The costs of legal representation of the Covered Person shall be borne solely by the Covered Person.

CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS UNDER COBRA

Under federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), certain Employees and their families covered under Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan (the Plan) will be entitled to the opportunity to elect a temporary extension of health coverage (called "COBRA continuation coverage") where coverage under the Plan would otherwise end. This notice is intended to inform Plan Participants and beneficiaries, in summary fashion, of their rights and obligations under the continuation coverage provisions of COBRA, as amended and reflected in final and proposed regulations published by the Department of the Treasury. This notice is intended to reflect the law and does not grant or take away any rights under the law.

The Plan Administrator is Washington Regional Medical Center, 3215 N. North Hills Blvd., Fayetteville, Arkansas, 72703, 4794631000. The Plan Administrator is responsible for administering COBRA continuation coverage. Complete instructions on COBRA, as well as election forms and other information, will be provided by the Plan Administrator or its designee to Plan Participants who become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA.

There may be other options available when group health coverage is lost. For example, an individual may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, he or she may qualify for lower costs on their monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, an individual may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which he or she is eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA continuation coverage? COBRA continuation coverage is the temporary extension of group health plan coverage that must be offered to certain Plan Participants and their eligible family members (called "Qualified Beneficiaries") at group rates. The right to COBRA continuation coverage is triggered by the occurrence of a life event that results in the loss of coverage under the terms of the Plan (the "Qualifying Event"). The coverage must be identical to the Plan coverage that the Qualified Beneficiary had immediately before the Qualifying Event, or if the coverage has been changed, the coverage must be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active employees who have not experienced a Qualifying Event (in other words, similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries).

Who can become a Qualified Beneficiary? In general, a Qualified Beneficiary can be:

- (1) Any individual who, on the day before a Qualifying Event, is covered under a Plan by virtue of being on that day either a covered Employee, the Spouse of a covered Employee, or a Dependent child of a covered Employee. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the Plan coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.
- (2) Any child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, and any individual who is covered by the Plan as an alternate recipient under a qualified medical support order. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the Plan coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.

The term "covered Employee" includes any individual who is provided coverage under the Plan due to his or her performance of services for the employer sponsoring the Plan (e.g., common-law employees (full or part-time), self-employed individuals, independent contractor, or corporate director). However, this provision does not establish eligibility of these individuals. Eligibility for Plan Coverage shall be determined in accordance with Plan Eligibility provisions.

An individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary if the individual's status as a covered Employee is attributable to a period in which the individual was a nonresident alien who received from the individual's Employer no earned income that constituted income from sources within the United States. If, on account of the preceding reason, an individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary, then a Spouse or Dependent child of the individual will also not be considered a Qualified Beneficiary by virtue of the relationship to the individual. A domestic partner is not a Qualified Beneficiary.

Each Qualified Beneficiary (including a child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage) must be offered the opportunity to make an independent election to receive COBRA continuation coverage.

What is a Qualifying Event? A Qualifying Event is any of the following if the Plan provided that the Plan participant would lose coverage (i.e.: cease to be covered under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event) in the absence of COBRA continuation coverage:

- (1) The death of a covered Employee.
- (2) The termination (other than by reason of the Employee's gross misconduct), or reduction of hours, of a covered Employee's employment.
- (3) The divorce or legal separation of a covered Employee from the Employee's Spouse. If the Employee reduces or eliminates the Employee's Spouse's Plan coverage in anticipation of a divorce or legal separation, and a divorce or legal separation later occurs, then the divorce or legal separation may be considered a Qualifying Event even though the Spouse's coverage was reduced or eliminated before the divorce or legal separation.
- (4) A covered Employee's enrollment in any part of the Medicare program.
- (5) A Dependent child's ceasing to satisfy the Plan's requirements for a Dependent child (for example, attainment of the maximum age for dependency under the Plan).

If the Qualifying Event causes the covered Employee, or the covered Spouse or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, to cease to be covered under the Plan under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event, the persons losing such coverage become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA if all the other conditions of COBRA are also met. For example, any increase in contribution that must be paid by a covered Employee, or the Spouse, or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, for coverage under the Plan that results from the occurrence of one of the events listed above is a loss of coverage.

The taking of leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 ("FMLA") does not constitute a Qualifying Event. A Qualifying Event will occur, however, if an Employee does not return to employment at the end of the FMLA leave and all other COBRA continuation coverage conditions are present. If a Qualifying Event occurs, it occurs on the last day of FMLA leave and the applicable maximum coverage period is measured from this date (unless coverage is lost at a later date and the Plan provides for the extension of the required periods, in which case the maximum coverage date is measured from the date when the coverage is lost.) Note that the covered Employee and family members will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage even if they failed to pay the employee portion of premiums for coverage under the Plan during the FMLA leave. For non-FMLA leaves of absence, the COBRA Qualifying Event date will be the day after the leave

ends, if the Employee does not return to work in an Eligible Class.

What factors should be considered when determining to elect COBRA continuation coverage? When considering options for health coverage, Qualified Beneficiaries should consider:

- **Premiums:** This plan can charge up to 102% of total plan premiums for COBRA coverage. Other options, like coverage on a spouse's plan or through the Marketplace, may be less expensive. Qualified Beneficiaries have special enrollment rights under federal law (HIPAA). They have the right to request special enrollment in another group health plan for which they are otherwise eligible (such as a plan sponsored by a spouse's employer) within 30 days after Plan coverage ends due to one of the Qualifying Events listed above.
- **Provider Networks:** If a Qualified Beneficiary is currently getting care or treatment for a condition, a change in health coverage may affect access to a particular health care Provider. An individual may want to check to see if their current health care Providers participate in a network in considering options for health coverage.
- **Drug Formularies:** For Qualified Beneficiaries taking medication, a change in health coverage may affect costs for medication – and in some cases, the medication may not be covered by another plan. Qualified beneficiaries should check to see if current medications are listed in drug formularies for other health coverage.
- **Severance payments:** If COBRA rights arise because the Employee has lost his job and there is a severance package available from the employer, the former employer may have offered to pay some or all of the Employee's COBRA payments for a period of time. This can affect the timing of coverage available in the Marketplace. In this scenario, the Employee may want to contact the Department of Labor at 1-866-444-3272 to discuss options.
- **Medicare Eligibility:** Individuals should be aware of how COBRA coverage coordinates with Medicare eligibility. If an individual is eligible for Medicare at the time of the Qualifying Event, or if he or she will become eligible soon after the Qualifying Event, he or she has eight months to enroll in Medicare after employment -related health coverage ends. Electing COBRA coverage does not extend this eight-month period. For more information, see <https://www.medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/>
- **Service Areas:** If benefits under the Plan are limited to specific service or coverage areas, benefits may not be available to a Qualified Beneficiary who moves out of the area.
- **Other Cost-Sharing:** In addition to premiums or contributions for health coverage, the Plan requires participants to pay copayments, deductibles, coinsurance, or other amounts as benefits are used. Qualified beneficiaries should check to see what the cost-sharing requirements are for other health coverage options. For example, one option may have much lower monthly premiums, but a much higher deductible and higher copayments.

Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage? Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for Qualified Beneficiaries through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. More information about these options is available at www.healthcare.gov.

What is the procedure for obtaining COBRA continuation coverage? The Plan has conditioned the availability of COBRA continuation coverage upon the timely election of such coverage. An election is timely if it is made during the election period.

What is the election period and how long must it last? The election period is the time period within which the Qualified Beneficiary must elect COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan. The election period must begin not later than the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event and ends 60 days after the later of the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event or the date notice is provided to the Qualified Beneficiary of her or his right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If coverage is not elected within the 60-day period, all rights to elect COBRA continuation coverage are forfeited.

Note: If a Covered Employee who has been terminated or experienced a reduction of hours qualifies for a trade readjustment allowance or alternative trade adjustment assistance under a federal law called the Trade Act of 2002, as extended by the Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015, and the Employee and his or her covered dependents have not elected COBRA coverage within the normal election period, a second opportunity to elect COBRA coverage will be made available for themselves and certain family members, but only within a limited period of 60 days or less and only during the six months immediately after their group health plan coverage ended. Any person who qualifies or thinks that he and/or his family members may qualify for assistance under this special provision should contact the Plan Administrator for further information about the special second election period. If continuation coverage is elected under this extension, it will not become effective prior to the beginning of this special second election period.

Is a covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary responsible for informing the Plan Administrator of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event? The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to Qualified Beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator or its designee has been timely notified that a Qualifying Event has occurred. The employer (if the employer is not the Plan Administrator) will notify the Plan Administrator of the Qualifying Event within 30 days following the date coverage ends when the Qualifying Event is:

- (1) the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment,
- (2) death of the employee,
- (3) commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer, or
- (4) enrollment of the employee in any part of Medicare.

IMPORTANT:

For the other Qualifying Events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), the Covered Person or someone acting on their behalf must notify the Plan Administrator or its designee in writing within 60 days after the Qualifying Event occurs, using the procedures specified below. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the Plan Administrator or its designee during the 60-day notice period, any spouse or dependent child who loses coverage will not be offered the option to elect continuation coverage. Notice must be sent to the Plan Sponsor.

NOTICE PROCEDURES:

Any notice must be ***in writing***. Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. The notice must be mailed, faxed or hand-delivered to the person, department or firm listed below, at the following address:

Washington Regional Medical Center
3215 N. North Hills Blvd.
Fayetteville, Arkansas 72703

If mailed, the notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the required notice period. Any notice provided must state:

- the **name of the plan or plans** under which the individual lost or is losing coverage,
- the **name and address of the employee** covered under the plan,
- the **name(s) and address(es) of the Qualified Beneficiary(ies)**, and
- the **Qualifying Event** and the **date** it happened.

If the Qualifying Event is a **divorce or legal separation**, the notice must include a **copy of the divorce decree or the legal separation agreement**.

There are other notice requirements in other contexts, for example, in order to qualify for a disability extension.

Once the Plan Administrator or its designee receives *timely notice* that a Qualifying Event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered Employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage for their Spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children. For each Qualified Beneficiary who elects COBRA continuation coverage, COBRA continuation coverage will begin on the date that plan coverage would otherwise have been lost. If an individual does not elect continuation coverage within the 60-day election period described above, the right to elect continuation coverage will be lost.

Is a waiver before the end of the election period effective to end a Qualified Beneficiary's election rights?

If, during the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary waives COBRA continuation coverage, the waiver can be revoked at any time before the end of the election period. Revocation of the waiver is an election of COBRA continuation coverage. However, if a waiver is later revoked, coverage need not be provided retroactively (that is, from the date of the loss of coverage until the waiver is revoked). Waivers and revocations of waivers are considered made on the date they are sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee, as applicable.

Is COBRA coverage available if a Qualified Beneficiary has other group health plan coverage or Medicare?

Qualified beneficiaries who are entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage may do so even if they are covered under another group health plan or are entitled to Medicare benefits on or before the date on which COBRA is elected. However, a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA coverage may terminate if, after electing COBRA, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare or becomes covered under other group health plan coverage.

When may a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage be terminated?

During the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary may waive COBRA continuation coverage. Except for an interruption of coverage in connection with a waiver, COBRA continuation coverage that has been elected for a Qualified Beneficiary must extend for at least the period beginning on the date of the Qualifying Event and ending not before the earliest of the following dates:

- (1) The last day of the applicable maximum coverage period.
- (2) The first day for which Timely Payment is not made to the Plan with respect to the Qualified Beneficiary.
- (3) The date upon which the Employer ceases to provide any group health plan (including a successor plan) to any employee.
- (4) The date, after the date of the election, that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes covered under any other Plan that does not contain any exclusion or limitation with respect to any pre-existing condition, other than such an exclusion or limitation that does not apply to, or is satisfied by, the Qualified Beneficiary.
- (5) In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary entitled to a disability extension, the later of:
 - (a) (i) 29 months after the date of the Qualifying Event, or (ii) the first day of the month that is more than 30 days after the date of a final determination under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act that the disabled Qualified Beneficiary whose disability resulted in the Qualified Beneficiary's entitlement to the disability extension is no longer disabled, whichever is earlier; or
 - (b) the end of the maximum coverage period that applies to the Qualified Beneficiary without regard to the disability extension.

The Plan can terminate for cause the coverage of a Qualified Beneficiary on the same basis that the Plan terminates for cause the coverage of similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries, for example, for the submission of a fraudulent claim.

In the case of an individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary and who is receiving coverage under the Plan solely because of the individual's relationship to a Qualified Beneficiary, if the Plan's obligation to make COBRA continuation coverage available to the Qualified Beneficiary ceases, the Plan is not obligated to make coverage available to the individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary.

What are the maximum coverage periods for COBRA continuation coverage? The maximum coverage periods are based on the type of the Qualifying Event and the status of the Qualified Beneficiary, as shown below:

- (1) In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period ends 18 months after the Qualifying Event if there is not a disability extension and 29 months after the Qualifying Event if there is a disability extension.
- (2) In the case of a covered Employee's enrollment in the Medicare program before experiencing a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the covered Employee ends on the later of:
 - (a) 36 months after the date the covered Employee becomes enrolled in the Medicare program; or
 - (b) 18 months (or 29 months, if there is a disability extension) after the date of the covered Employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment.

- (3) In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary who is a child born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, the maximum coverage period is the maximum coverage period applicable to the Qualifying Event giving rise to the period of COBRA continuation coverage during which the child was born or placed for adoption.
- (4) In the case of any other Qualifying Event than that described above, the maximum coverage period ends 36 months after the Qualifying Event.

Under what circumstances can the maximum coverage period be expanded? If a Qualifying Event that gives rise to an 18-month or 29-month maximum coverage period is followed, within that 18- or 29-month period, by a second Qualifying Event that gives rise to a 36-months maximum coverage period, the original period is expanded to 36 months, but only for individuals who are Qualified Beneficiaries at the time of and with respect to both Qualifying Events. In no circumstance can the COBRA maximum coverage period be expanded to more than 36 months after the date of the first Qualifying Event. The Plan Administrator must be notified of the second Qualifying Event within 60 days of the second Qualifying Event. This notice must be sent to the Plan Sponsor in accordance with the procedures above.

How does a Qualified Beneficiary become entitled to a disability extension? A disability extension will be granted if an individual (whether or not the covered Employee) who is a Qualified Beneficiary in connection with the Qualifying Event that is a termination or reduction of hours of a covered Employee's employment, is determined under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act to have been disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage. To qualify for the disability extension, the Qualified Beneficiary must also provide the Plan Administrator with notice of the disability determination on a date that is both within 60 days after the date of the determination and before the end of the original 18-month maximum coverage. This notice should be sent to the Plan Sponsor in accordance with the procedures above.

Does the Plan require payment for COBRA continuation coverage? For any period of COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage. Qualified beneficiaries will pay up to 102% of the applicable premium and up to 150% of the applicable premium for any expanded period of COBRA continuation coverage covering a disabled Qualified Beneficiary due to a disability extension. The Plan will terminate a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage as of the first day of any period for which timely payment is not made.

Must the Plan allow payment for COBRA continuation coverage to be made in monthly installments? Yes. The Plan is also permitted to allow for payment at other intervals.

What is Timely Payment for payment for COBRA continuation coverage? Timely Payment means a payment made no later than 30 days after the first day of the coverage period. Payment that is made to the Plan by a later date is also considered Timely Payment if either under the terms of the Plan, covered employees or Qualified Beneficiaries are allowed until that later date to pay for their coverage for the period or under the terms of an arrangement between the Employer and the entity that provides Plan benefits on the Employer's behalf, the Employer is allowed until that later date to pay for coverage of similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries for the period.

Notwithstanding the above paragraph, the Plan does not require payment for any period of COBRA continuation coverage for a Qualified Beneficiary earlier than 45 days after the date on which the election of COBRA continuation coverage is made for that Qualified Beneficiary. Payment is considered made on the date on which it is postmarked to the Plan.

If Timely Payment is made to the Plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Plan requires to be paid for a period of coverage, then the amount paid will be deemed to satisfy the Plan's

requirement for the amount to be paid, unless the Plan notifies the Qualified Beneficiary of the amount of the deficiency and grants a reasonable period of time for payment of the deficiency to be made. A "reasonable period of time" is 30 days after the notice is provided. A shortfall in a Timely Payment is not significant if it is no greater than the lesser of \$50 or 10% of the required amount.

For More Information

If an individual has questions about COBRA continuation coverage, they should contact the Plan Sponsor. For more information about rights under ERISA, including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA). Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website at www.dol.gov/ebsa.

Keep The Plan Administrator Informed Of Address Changes

In order for an individual to protect his or her family's rights, they should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. The individual should also keep a copy, for his or her records, of any notices sent to the Plan Administrator.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PLAN ADMINISTRATION

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR. Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan is the benefit plan of Washington Regional Medical Center, the Plan Administrator, also called the Plan Sponsor. It is to be administered by the Plan Administrator in accordance with the provisions of ERISA. An individual or a committee member may be appointed by Washington Regional Medical Center to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Employer. If the Plan Administrator or a committee member resigns, dies or is otherwise removed from the position, Washington Regional Medical Center shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator shall administer this Plan in accordance with its terms and establish its policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make determinations regarding issues which relate to eligibility for benefits, to decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on all interested parties.

Service of legal process may be made upon the Plan Administrator.

DUTIES OF THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR.

- (1) To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.
- (2) To interpret the Plan, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies or omissions.
- (3) To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights.
- (4) To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits and to review claim denials.
- (5) To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.
- (6) To appoint a Claims Administrator to pay claims.
- (7) To perform all necessary reporting as required by ERISA.
- (8) To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a medical child support order is qualified under ERISA Sec. 609.
- (9) To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR COMPENSATION. The Plan Administrator serves **without** compensation; however, all expenses for plan administration, including compensation for hired services, will be paid by the Plan.

FIDUCIARY. A fiduciary exercises discretionary authority or control over management of the Plan or the disposition of its assets, renders investment advice to the Plan or has discretionary authority or responsibility in the administration of the Plan.

FIDUCIARY DUTIES. A fiduciary must carry out his or her duties and responsibilities for the purpose of providing benefits to the Employees and their Dependent(s), and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the Plan. These are duties which must be carried out:

- (1) with care, skill, prudence and diligence under the given circumstances that a prudent person, acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters, would use in a similar situation;
- (2) by diversifying the investments of the Plan so as to minimize the risk of large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so; and
- (3) in accordance with the Plan documents to the extent that they agree with ERISA.

THE NAMED FIDUCIARY. A "named fiduciary" is the one named in the Plan. A named fiduciary can appoint others to carry out fiduciary responsibilities (other than as a trustee) under the Plan. These other persons become fiduciaries themselves and are responsible for their acts under the Plan. To the extent that the named fiduciary allocates its responsibility to other persons, the named fiduciary shall not be liable for any act or omission of such person unless either:

- (1) the named fiduciary has violated its stated duties under ERISA in appointing the fiduciary, establishing the procedures to appoint the fiduciary or continuing either the appointment or the procedures; or
- (2) the named fiduciary breached its fiduciary responsibility under Section 405(a) of ERISA.

CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR IS NOT A FIDUCIARY. A Claims Administrator is **not** a fiduciary under the Plan by virtue of paying claims in accordance with the Plan's rules as established by the Plan Administrator.

HIPAA PRIVACY FIREWALL

The following summary establishes the circumstances under which the Plan may share a Plan Participant's protected health information with the Plan Administrator (the Employer), and limits the uses and disclosures that the Plan Administrator may make of a Plan Participant's protected health information. This is intended to establish the firewall protections required under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and its attendant privacy regulations, 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164, as amended (the "HIPAA Privacy Rules" or "Rules").

There are three circumstances under which the Plan may disclose a Plan Participant's protected health information to the Plan Administrator.

First, the Plan may inform the Plan Administrator whether a Plan Participant is enrolled in the Plan.

Second, the Plan may disclose summary health information to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator must limit its use of that information to obtaining quotes from reinsurers or modifying, amending, or terminating the Plan. Summary health information is information that summarizes claims history, claims expenses, or types of claims without identifying the Plan Participant.

Third, the Plan may disclose a Plan Participant's protected health information to the Plan Administrator for Plan administrative purposes. This is because employees of the Plan Administrator perform many of the administrative functions necessary for the management and operation of the Plan.

CERTIFICATION OF FIREWALL AMENDMENT

The Plan Administrator hereby certifies to the Plan that the Plan's terms have been amended to incorporate the terms of this summary. The Plan Administrator has agreed to abide by the terms of this summary. The Plan's privacy notice also permits the Plan to disclose the Plan Participant's protected health information to the Plan Administrator as described in this summary.

RESTRICTIONS ON USE OR DISCLOSURE OF PHI

Here are the restrictions that apply to the Plan Administrators use and disclosure of a Plan Participant's protected health information.

- (1) The Plan Administrator will only use or disclose a Plan Participant's protected health information for Plan administrative purposes, as required by law, or as permitted under the HIPAA Privacy Rules. See the Plan's privacy notice for more information about permitted uses and disclosures of protected health information under HIPAA.
- (2) If the Plan Administrator discloses any protected health information to any of its agents or subcontractors, the Plan Administrator will require the agent or subcontractor to keep Plan Participants' protected health information as required by the HIPAA Privacy Rules.
- (3) The Plan Administrator will not use or disclose a Plan Participant's protected health information for employment-related actions or decisions or in connection with any other benefit or benefit plan of the Plan Administrator.
- (4) The Plan Administrator will promptly report to the Plan any use or disclosure of a Plan Participant's protected health information that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures allowed in this summary.
- (5) The Plan Administrator will allow a Plan Participant or the Plan to inspect and copy any protected health information about the Plan Participant that is in the Plan Administrator's custody and control, as permitted or required by the HIPAA Privacy Rules, subject to certain exceptions recognized in the Rules.
- (6) The Plan Administrator will amend, or allow the Plan to amend, any portion of a Plan Participant's protected health information to the extent permitted or required under the HIPAA Privacy Rules.
- (7) With respect to some types of disclosures for purposes other than payment or health care operations, the Plan Administrator will keep a disclosure log. The disclosure log will go back for six years (but not before April 14, 2003). Plan Participants have a right to see the disclosure log. The Plan Administrator does not have to maintain the log if disclosures are for certain Plan related purposes, such as payment of benefits or health care operations, or if a Plan Participant authorized the disclosures.
- (8) The Plan Administrator will make its internal practices, books, and records, relating to its use and disclosure of a Plan Participant's protected health information available to the Plan and to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services upon their request.
- (9) The Plan Administrator will, if feasible, return or destroy all of protected health information in the Plan Administrator's custody or control that the Plan Administrator has received from the Plan or from any business associate when the Plan Administrator no longer needs the protected health information to administer the Plan. If it is not feasible for the Plan Administrator to return or

destroy protected health information, the Plan Administrator will limit the use or disclosure of any protected health information that it cannot feasibly return or destroy to those purposes that make return or destruction of the information infeasible.

DESIGNATION OF FIREWALL DEPARTMENT

The following classes of employees or other workforce members under the control of the Plan Administrator (sometimes referred to as the “Firewall Department” for HIPAA Privacy Rules purposes) are hereby designated in accordance with HIPAA Privacy Rules firewall provisions to be given access to protected health information for the purposes set forth in this document:

Employees assigned to and working in the Human Resources Department, including but not limited to all employees whose job duties require communication and interaction with the third party administrator for the group health plan regarding any plan administration, claims or eligibility-related matters.

The above designation includes every class of employees or other workforce members under the control of the Plan Administrator who may receive protected health information. If any of these employees or workforce members use or disclose protected health information in violation of the rules that are set out in this summary, the employees or workforce members will be subject to disciplinary action and sanctions, including the possibility of termination of employment. If the Plan Administrator becomes aware of any such violations, the Plan Administrator will promptly report the violation to the Plan and will cooperate with the Plan to correct the violation, to impose appropriate sanctions, and to mitigate any harmful effects to Plan Participants.

FUNDING THE PLAN AND PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

The cost of the Plan is funded as follows:

For Employee and Dependent Coverage: Funding is derived from the funds of the Employer and contributions made by the covered Employees.

The level of any Employee contributions will be set by the Plan Administrator. These Employee contributions will be used in funding the cost of the Plan as soon as practicable after they have been received from the Employee or withheld from the Employee's pay through payroll deduction.

Benefits are paid directly from the Plan through the Claims Administrator.

ASSIGNMENT OF BENEFITS

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Preferred Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-Preferred Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by PPO Providers will be made directly to the Provider unless the Provider requests payment be made directly to the Covered Person.

Any payment due for eligible services rendered by Non-PPO Providers will typically be made directly to the Covered Person; however, the Plan reserves the right to make payment of benefits directly to the Provider of service or to the Covered Person.

PLAN IS NOT AN EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

The Plan is not to be construed as a contract for or of employment.

CLERICAL ERROR

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If, due to a clerical error, an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Plan Participant, if it is requested, the amount of overpayment will be deducted from future benefits payable.

AMENDING AND TERMINATING THE PLAN

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Plan Participants are limited to expenses incurred before termination.

The Employer intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely; however, it reserves the right, at any time, to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the Trust agreement (if any).

CERTAIN PLAN PARTICIPANTS RIGHTS UNDER ERISA

Plan Participants in this Plan are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA specifies that all Plan Participants shall be entitled to:

Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office, all Plan documents and copies of all documents governing the Plan, including a copy of the latest annual report (form 5500 series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Obtain copies of all Plan documents and other Plan information upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Continue health care coverage for a Plan Participant, Spouse, or other dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a Qualifying Event. Employees or dependents may have to pay for such coverage.

Review this summary plan description and the documents governing the Plan or the rules governing COBRA continuation coverage rights.

The Employee or dependent should be provided a certificate of Creditable Coverage, free of charge, from the group health plan or health insurance issuer when coverage is lost under the plan, when a person becomes entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if a person requests it before losing coverage, or if a person requests it up to 24 months after losing coverage.

If a Plan Participant's claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the participant has a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps a Plan Participant can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if a Plan Participant requests a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and does not receive them within 30 days, he or she may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and to pay the Plan Participant up to \$110 a day until he or she receives the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If the Plan Participant has a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the participant may file suit in state or federal court.

In addition, if a Plan Participant disagrees with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a medical child support order, he or she may file suit in federal court.

In addition to creating rights for Plan Participants, ERISA imposes obligations upon the individuals who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The individuals who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of the Plan Participants and their beneficiaries. No one, including the Employer or any other person, may fire a Plan Participant or otherwise discriminate against a Plan Participant in any way to prevent the Plan Participant from obtaining benefits under the Plan or from exercising his or her rights under ERISA.

If it should happen that the Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if a Plan Participant is discriminated against for asserting his or her rights, he or she may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If the Plan Participant is successful, the court may order the person sued to pay these costs and fees. If the Plan Participant loses, the court may order him or her to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds the claim or suit to be frivolous.

If the Plan Participant has any questions about the Plan, he or she should contact the Plan Administrator. If the Plan Participant has any questions about this statement or his or her rights under ERISA, including COBRA or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, that Plan Participant should contact either the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa/. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.)

GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

TYPE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Plan is a self-funded group health Plan and the administration is provided through a Third Party Claims Administrator. The funding for the benefits is derived from the funds of the Employer and contributions made by covered Employees. The Plan is not insured.

PLAN NAME: Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan

PLAN NUMBER: 501

TAX ID NUMBER: 710664687

PLAN EFFECTIVE DATE: 1/1/2002

PLAN YEAR ENDS: 12/31

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

Washington Regional Medical Center
3215 N. North Hills Blvd.
Fayetteville, Arkansas 72703
4794631000

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR, NAMED FIDUCIARY, AND AGENT FOR SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS

Executive Director of Human Resources
Washington Regional Medical Center
3215 N. North Hills Blvd.
Fayetteville, Arkansas 72703
4794631000

CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR

BlueAdvantage Administrators
P.O. Box 1460
Little Rock, Arkansas 72203
501-872-2531

BlueAdvantage Administrators of Arkansas is an independent licensee of the BlueCross and Blue Shield Association. BlueAdvantage Administrators does not underwrite or assume any financial risk with respect to the claims liability of the Plan.

BY THIS AGREEMENT, Washington Regional Medical Center Employee Health Benefit Plan is hereby adopted as shown.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed for Washington Regional Medical Center on or as of the day and year first below written.

By 
Washington Regional Medical Center

Date 3/26/20

Witness 

Date 3/26/2020